

Service Manual

● Repairs and maintenance

Section 2 (21)

Reconditioning
engine

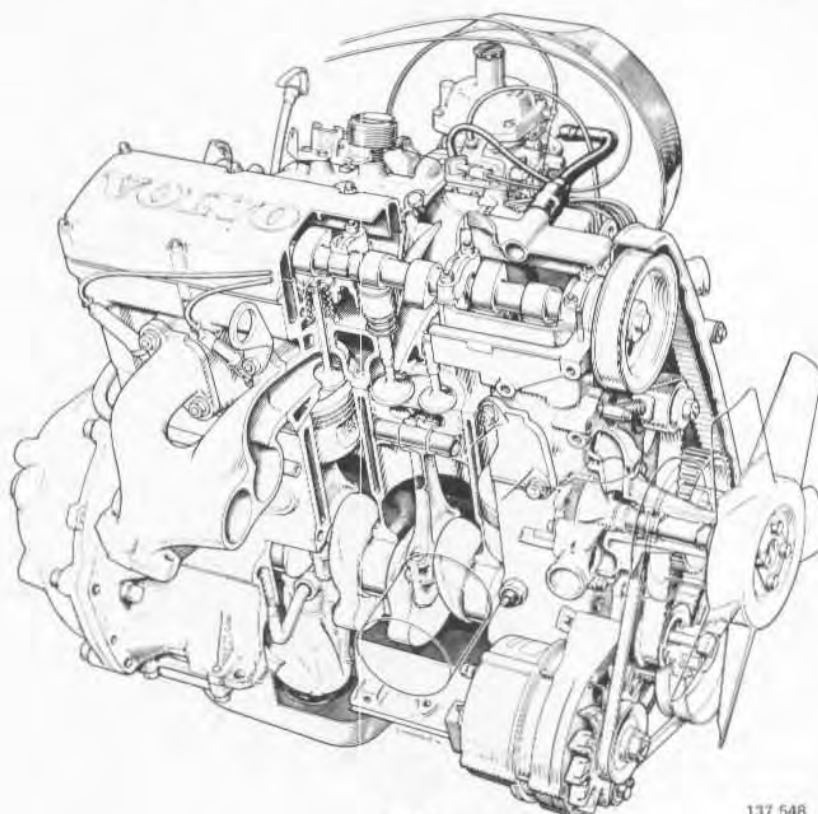
B 17, B 19

B 21, B 23

240 1975—1984

VOLVO

B 17, B 19, B 21, B 23 engines



B 21 A

137 546

This manual covers the following engine types:

What do the designations mean?

B 21 E T
 ↓
T = Turbo
 ↓
A = carburetor engine,
K = carburetor engine
E = fuel injection engine
F = fuel injection engine – USA version
 ↓
21 = cylinder capacity
 ↓
B = petrol (gasoline)

B 21 = basic engine

B 23 = a **B 21** with larger bore and higher compression ratio

B 19 = a **B 21** with smaller bore

B 17 = a **B 19** with shorter stroke

Engine type	Model year
B 17 A	1979–1984
B 19 A	1977–1984
B 19 K	1984
B 19 E	1977–1984
B 19 ET	1982–1984
B 21 A	1975–1984
B 21 E	1975–1983
B 21 ET	1981–1984
B 21 F-5 ¹	1976–1984 ³
B 21 F-8 ²	1982
B 21 F-9 ⁴	1981–1982
B 21 FT	1981–1984
B 23 A	1981–1984
B 23 E	1979–1984
B 23 F (LH-Jetronic)	1983–1984

Remarks

¹B 21 F-5 = CI system with Bosch ignition system.

²B 21 F-8 = LH Jetronic injection system.

³Discontinued 1982 in USA & Canada.

Superseded by B 21 F-8.

⁴B 21 F-9 = CI system with Chrysler ignition.

Volvos are sold in versions adapted for different markets. These adaptations depend on many factors including legal, taxation and market requirements.

This manual may therefore show illustrations and text which do not apply to cars in your country.

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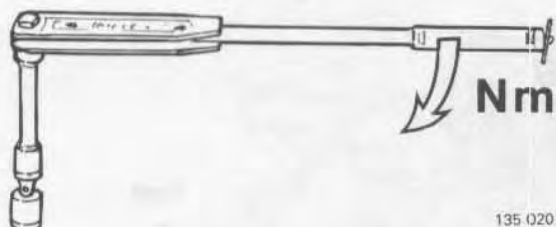
This manual deals exclusively with the overhaul of the engine.
For work carried out on the engine when fitted in the car, and for engine removal and installation, please refer to the separate manuals.

Order number: TP 30170/2
Supersedes: TP 30170/1

We reserve the right to make alterations without prior notification.

B 17, B 19, B 21, B 23 engines

Important information



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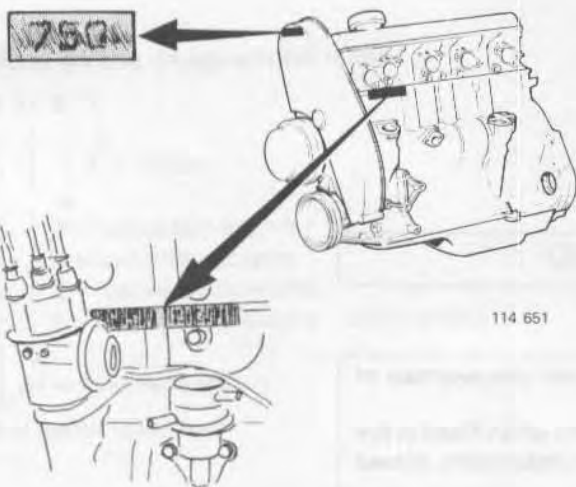
Tightening torques

Two types of tightening torques are used in this Manual:

- I. Tightening torque **40 Nm** (30 ft.lbs) = a torque wrench must be used.
- II. Tightening torque **40 Nm** (30 ft.lbs) = correct value, however it is not necessary to use a torque wrench.

Specifications

Group 20 General



114 651

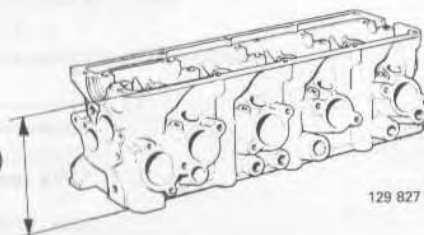
Engine type designation, serial number and part number

Stamped on a plate on left side of engine.
1977-models: additional plate on timing gear cover showing last three digits of part number.

Group 21 Engine assembly

CYLINDER HEAD

Height	New 146.1 mm (5.7563 in)
Min height after machining	145.6 mm (5.7366 in)



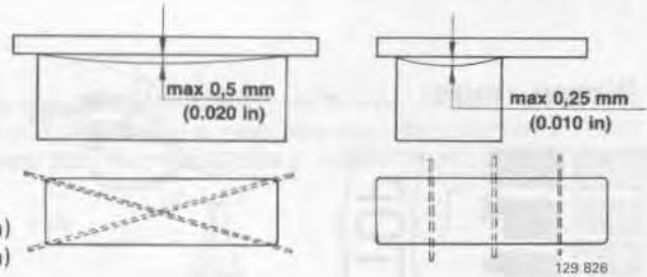
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Max distortion

Note that if distortion is greater than 1.0 mm (0.040 in) lengthwise and 0.5 mm (0.020 in) crosswise the cylinder head must not be machined but replaced.

Thickness of gasket

new 1.3 mm (0.051 in)
fitted 1.2 mm (0.047 in)



CYLINDER BLOCK

Bore

		B 17, B 19	B 21	B 23
Standard (marked C)	mm	88.90–88.91	92.00–92.01	96.00–96.01
	(in)	(3.5027–3.5031)	(3.6248–3.6252)	(3.7824–3.7828)
(marked D)	mm	88.91–88.92	92.01–92.02	96.01–96.02
	(in)	(3.5031–3.5034)	(3.6252–3.6256)	(3.7828–3.7832)
(marked E)	mm	88.92–88.93	92.02–92.03	96.02–96.03
	(in)	(3.5034–3.5038)	(3.6256–3.6260)	(3.7832–3.7836)
(marked G)	mm	88.94–88.95	92.04–92.05	96.04–96.05
	(in)	(3.5042–3.5047)	(3.6264–3.6268)	(3.7840–3.7844)
Oversize 1	mm	89.29–89.30	92.5	96.3
	(in)	(3.5180–3.5184)	(3.6445)	(3.7942)
2	mm	89.67–89.68	93.0	96.6
	(in)	(3.5330–3.5334)	(3.6642)	(3.8060)

Rebore if wear exceeds 0.1 mm (0.004 in) and oil consumption is very high.

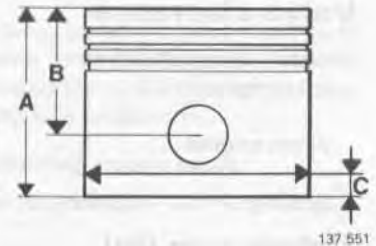
Pistons

A = Overall height

B = From gudgeon (piston) pin center to crown

C = Diameter to be measured at right angles to gudgeon pin at distance "C" from bottom of piston

Engine type	Weight gms ¹ (oz)	Dimension mm (in)		
		A	B	C
B 17 A	530±6 (18.9±0.2)	75.5 (2.975)	50.5 (1.990)	7 (0.276)
B 19 A	505±6 (18.0±0.2)	71.0 (2.797)	46.0 (1.812)	7 (0.276)
B 19 E-1983	515±6 (18.4±0.2)	71.0 (2.797)	46.0 (1.812)	7 (0.276)
1984	515±6 (18.4±0.2)	73.9 (2.912)	46.7 (1.840)	7 (0.276)
B 19 ET	510±6 (18.2±0.2)	71.0 (2.797)	46.0 (1.812)	7 (0.276)
B 19 K	515±6 (18.4±0.2)	73.9 (2.912)	46.7 (1.840)	7 (0.276)
B 21 A ²	555±6 (19.8±0.2)	71.0 (2.797)	46.0 (1.812)	6 (0.236)
B 21 E	555±6 (19.8±0.2)	71.0 (2.797)	46.0 (1.812)	6 (0.236)
B 21 ET	535±6 (19.1±0.2)	71.5 (2.817)	46.5 (1.832)	7 (0.276)
B 21 F	555±6 (19.8±0.2)	71.5 (2.817)	46.5 (1.832)	7 (0.276)
B 21 FT	535±6 (19.1±0.2)	71.5 (2.817)	46.5 (1.832)	7 (0.276)
B 23 A	570±7 (20.4±0.3)	76.4 (3.010)	46.4 (1.828)	8 (0.315)
B 23 E type 1	555±6 (19.8±0.2)	80.4 (3.168)	46.4 (1.828)	15 (0.591)
type 2	570±7 (20.4±0.3)	76.4 (3.010)	46.4 (1.828)	8 (0.315)
B 23 F ³	570±7 (20.4±0.3)	76.4 (3.010)	46.4 (1.828)	8 (0.315)



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¹ Max weight difference in same engine = 12 gms (0.43 oz)

² Europe 1984- (excl Switzerland, Scandinavia) models have high compression pistons, A=71.7 mm (2.82 in); B=46.7 mm (1.84 in); C=7 mm (0.28 in)

³ Pistons dished on engine numbers 499846, 499890

Piston running clearance mm (in)

B 17 A, B 19 A/E/K, B 21 A/E/F	0.01–0.04 (0.0004–0.0016)
B 19 ET	0.03–0.06 (0.0012–0.0024)
B 21 ET & FT	0.02–0.04 (0.0008–0.0016)
B 23 A	0.01–0.04 (0.0004–0.0016)
B 23 E type 1	0.05–0.07 (0.0020–0.0028)
type 2	0.01–0.04 (0.0004–0.0016)
B 23 F	0.01–0.04 (0.0004–0.0016)

Specifications

Piston rings



Measure gap
15 mm (0.59 in) from
lower edge

Piston height, type 1	mm	Upper comp.rings	Lower comp.rings	Oil scraper rings
	(in)	1.978-1.990	1.978-1.990	4.74
type 2	mm	1.728-1.740	1.978-1.990	3.978-3.990
	(in)	(0.0681-0.0685)	(0.0779-0.0783)	(0.1566-0.1571)
Clearance in piston groove	mm	0.040-0.072	0.040-0.072	0.030-0.062
	(in)	(0.0016-0.0028)	(0.0016-0.0028)	(0.0012-0.0024)
Ring gap (see above fig)	mm	0.35-0.65	0.35-0.55	0.25-0.60
	(in)	(0.014-0.026)	(0.014-0.022)	(0.010-0.024)

Gudgeon (piston) pins

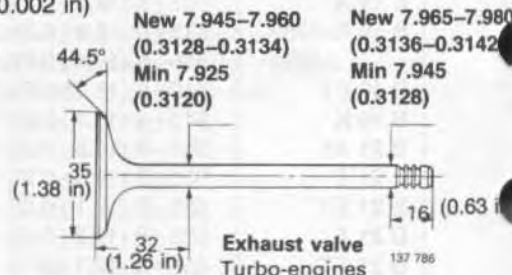
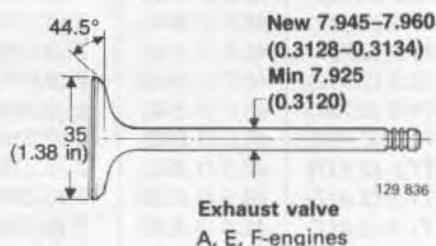
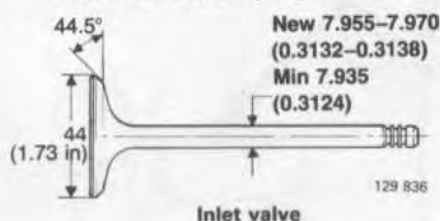
Fit, in connecting rod	Light thumb pressure (close running fit)
in piston	Thumb pressure (push fit)
Diameter, standard	mm (in) 24.00 (0.945)
oversize	mm (in) 24.05 (0.947)

VALVES

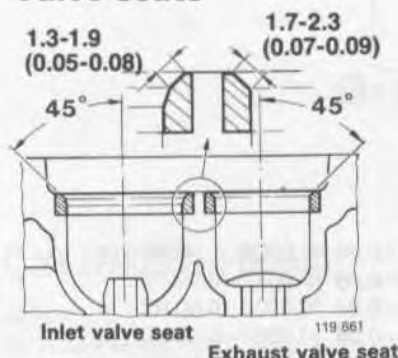
Valve clearance

Inlet and exhaust valves		
cold engine	Checking 0.30-0.40 mm (0.012-0.016 in)	Adjusting 0.35-0.40 mm (0.014-0.016 in)
warm engine	0.35-0.45 mm (0.014-0.018 in)	0.40-0.45 mm (0.016-0.018 in)
Adjusting shims, thickness	3.30-4.50 mm (0.1300-0.1773 in) in increments of 0.05 mm (0.002 in)	

Valves mm (in)



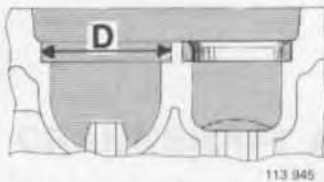
Valve seats



Turbo: exhaust valves are Stellite-coated and must not be machined to obtain new surface. They can however be ground-in with paste against seat.

Valve seat diameter		Inlet	Exhaust
standard	mm	46.00	38.00
	(in)	(1.8124)	(1.4972)
oversize 1	mm	46.25	38.25
	(in)	(1.8223)	(1.5071)
2	mm	46.50	38.50
	(in)	(1.8321)	(1.5169)

$D + 0.17 \text{ mm (0.0067 in)}$



When replacing valve seats the interference between the seat and its bore should be 0.17 mm (0.0067 in) i.e. valve seat diameter should be 0.17 mm (0.0067 in) greater than diameter of bore in cylinder head.

Valve guides mm (in)

		Inlet valve	Exhaust valve
Length	mm	52	52
	(in)	(2.0488)	(2.0488)
Inner diameter	mm	8.000–8.022	8.000–8.022
	(in)	(0.3152–0.3161)	(0.3152–0.3161)
Height above upper face of cylinder head	mm	15.4–15.6	17.9–18.1
	(in)	(0.6068–0.6146)	(0.7053–0.7131)
Clearance, valve stem – guide (measured with new valve)			
new	mm	0.030–0.060	0.060–0.090
	(in)	(0.0012–0.0021)	(0.0024–0.0035)
max.	mm	0.15	0.15
	(in)	(0.0059)	(0.0059)

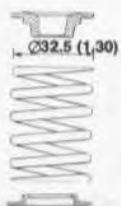


Valve guides are available in three oversizes, marked with grooves.

	Marking	Reamer for seat
Standard	No groove	—
Oversize 1	1 groove	5161
2	2 groove	5162
3	3 groove	5163

Note. The force used when pressing in valve guides must be at least 9000 N (900 kp). If the pressing force used is lower, then the recess for the guide must be reamed out to the nearest oversize and a guide of the corresponding size pressed in.

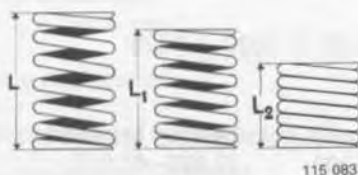
Valve springs mm (in)



Type 1



Type 2



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Type 2 springs are fitted on following engine types:

- B 21 F LH-Jetronic, late types (from 1983–)
- B 23 F
- B 19 ET, B 21 ET & B 21 FT late type (from 1984–).

Type 1 springs are fitted on all other engines types.

Type 1		Type 2	
Length	Load N (lb)	Length	Load N (lb)
45.0 (1.77)	0	45.5 (1.79)	0
38.0 (1.50)	280–320	3.80 (1.50)	280–320
	(62–70)		(62–70)
27.0 (1.06)	710–790	27.5 (1.08)	702–782
	(156–174)		(154–172)

Tappets mm (in)

Diameter	36.975–36.995 (1.4568–1.4576)
Height	30–31 (1.182–1.221)
Clearance, adjusting shim to cylinder head	0.009–0.064 (0.0004–0.0025)
adjusting shim to tappet	0.030–0.075 (0.0012–0.0030)

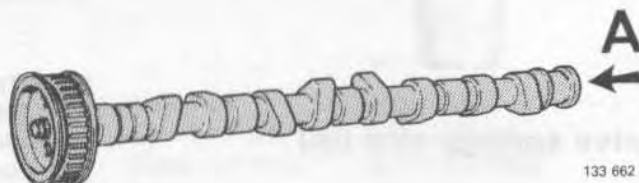
Adjusting shims mm (in)

Thickness	3.30–4.50 (in increments of 0.05)
	(0.1300–0.1773) (in increments of 0.0020)
Diameter	32.980–33.0 (1.2994–1.3002)

TIMING GEARS**Camshaft mm (in)**

Engine type	Profile
B 17 A, B 19 A	A
B 19 K	L
B 19 E 1977–1983	D
1984	A
B 19 ET	T
B 21 A 1975–1983	A
1984 CH, Scandinavia Australia, Other markets	A
B 21 E	L
B 21 ET	D
B 21 F-5	T
B 21 F-8	B
B 21 F-9	M
B 21 FT	L
B 21 FT	T
B 23 A	A
B 23 E 1979–1980	H
1981–1982	K
1983 Canada	A
Other markets	K
1984	A
B 23 F	M

Camshaft max lift height mm (in)	Check values (cold engine)	
	Valve clearance No. 1 intake valve	Intake valve should open at:
A/10.5 ¹ (0.4137)	0.7 (0.0276)	13° B.T.D.C. ¹⁾
B/10.6 (0.4176)	0.7 (0.0276)	19° B.T.D.C.
D/11.2 (0.4413)	0.7 (0.0276)	15° B.T.D.C.
H/12.0 (0.4728)	0.5 (0.0197)	28° B.T.D.C.
K/11.95 (0.4708)	0.5 (0.0197)	22.6° B.T.D.C.
L/9.8 (0.3861)	0.7 (0.0276)	10° B.T.D.C.
M/9.5 inlet	0.7 (0.0276)	3° A.T.D.C.
10.5 exhaust	0.7 (0.0276)	48° B.T.D.C.
T/9.9 (0.3901)	0.5 (0.0197)	11° B.T.D.C.

¹1975 early types: 9.8 mm, 5° B.T.D.C.

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Bearing journal, diameter	29.050–29.070 (1.1445–1.1454)
Radial clearance, new	0.030–0.071 (0.0012–0.0028)
max.	0.15 (0.0059)
Axial clearance	0.1–0.4 (0.0344–0.0158)

Camshaft bearings mm (in)

Bearing diameter	30.000–30.021 (1.1820–1.1828)
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Intermediate shaft mm (in)

	Bearing journal	Bearing in cylinder
Diameter, front	46.975–47.000 (1.8508–1.8518)	47.020–47.050 (1.8526–1.8538)
center	43.025–43.050 (1.6952–1.6962)	43.070–43.100 (1.6970–1.6981)
rear	42.925–42.950 (1.6912–1.6922)	42.970–43.000 (1.6930–1.6942)
Radial clearance	0.020–0.075 (0.0008–0.0030)	
Axial clearance	0.20–0.46 (0.0079–0.0181)	

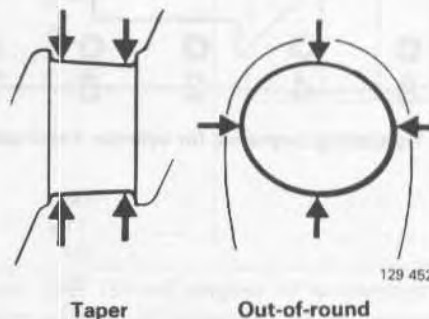
CRANKSHAFT ASSEMBLY

Crankshaft mm (in)

Max. out-of-true	0.05 (0.0020)
Crankshaft, axial clearance, max.	0.25 (0.0098)
radial clearance (main bearings)	0.028–0.083 (0.0011–0.0033)
Big-end bearings, axial clearance	0.15–0.35 (0.0059–0.0138)
radial clearance	0.024–0.070 (0.0009–0.0028)

Main bearing journals mm (in)

Out-of round, max.	0.07 (0.0028)
Taper, max.	0.05 (0.0020)
Diameter, standard	63.451–63.464 (2.5000–2.5005)
undersize 1	63.197–63.210 (2.4900–2.4905)
2	62.943–62.956 (2.4800–2.4805)
Width on crankshaft for flange bearing shell,	
standard	38.960–39.000 (1.5350–1.5366)
oversize 1	39.061–39.101 (1.5390–1.5406)
2	39.163–39.203 (1.5430–1.5446)



Connecting rod bearing journals mm (in)

Out-of-round max.	0.05 (0.020)
Taper, max.	0.05 (0.020)
Diameter, standard	53.987–54.000 (2.1271–2.1276)
undersize 1	53.733–53.746 (2.1171–2.1176)
2	53.479–53.492 (2.1071–2.1076)
Bearing recess width	29.95–30.05 (1.1800–1.1840)

Connecting rods mm (in)

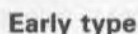
Axial clearance at crankshaft	0.15–0.35 (0.0059–0.0138)
Length, centre–centre	145±0.1 (5.713±0.0039)
Max. weight deviation between connecting rods in same engine	10 gms

Flywheel mm (in)

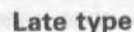
Axial throw, max	0.05 mm/150 mm diameter (0.0020 in/5.91 in diameter)
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The tightening torques apply to oiled screws, bolts and nuts. Degreased (washed) parts must be oiled before use.

Cylinder head, tightening sequence data



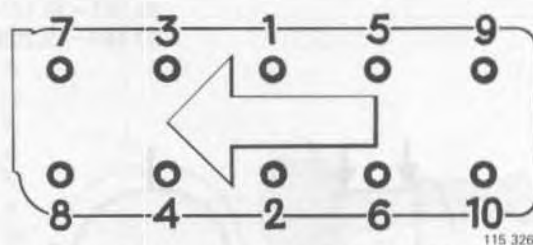
- 1 = **60 Nm** (43 ft.lbs)
- 2 = **110 Nm** (80 ft.lbs)
- 3 = Run warm. Then allow engine to cool off for about 30 minutes.
- 4 = Slacken bolt 1 approx. 30°. Then tighten to a torque of **110 Nm** (80 ft.lbs) (The bolt must be slackened first to break the resting stress, otherwise false tightening torque will result.
- 5 = Tighten other bolts in sequence, see step 4.



- 1 = 20 Nm (14 ft.lbs)
2 = 60 Nm (43 ft.lbs)
3 = Angle-tighten 90°.

Bolts should be replaced if center section shows signs of extension. Do not re-use bolts more than 5 times.

If in doubt, fit new bolts.



Tightening sequence for cylinder head bolts

	Nm	(ft.lbs)
Main bearings	110	80
Connecting rod bearings, old bolts	63	46
new bolts	70	51
Flywheel (use new bolts)	70	51
Spark plugs (not to be oiled)	20-30	14-22
Camshaft gear	50	36
Intermediate shaft gear	50	36
Camshaft cap	20	14
Crankshaft, centre bolt pulley	165	119

Group 22 Lubricating system

General data

Oil capacity, excl oil filter	3.35 l (3.5 US qt)
incl oil filter	3.85 l (4.0 US qt)
Max—Min	1.0 l (1.1 US qt)

Turbo-engines: add 0.6 l (0.7 US qt) to above if oil cooler is drained.

Oil pressure at 33 r/s (2000 r/min), warm engine and new oil filter	0.25–0.60 MPa 35.6–85.3 psi
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USA, Canada and Japan

According to API min SF*

According to API—1983..... min SE*
1984..... min SF**

**oils with designations SF/CC and SF/CD meet this requirement.

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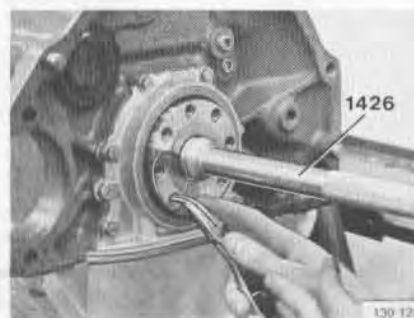
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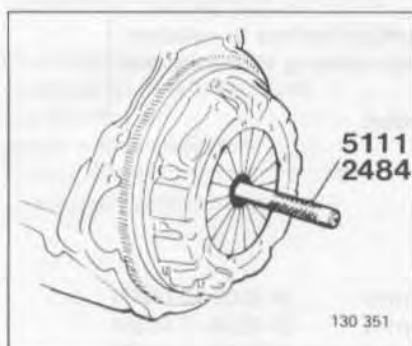
0
46–54 N (10.1–11.9 lb.)
62–78 N (13.6–17.2 lb.)

Special tools

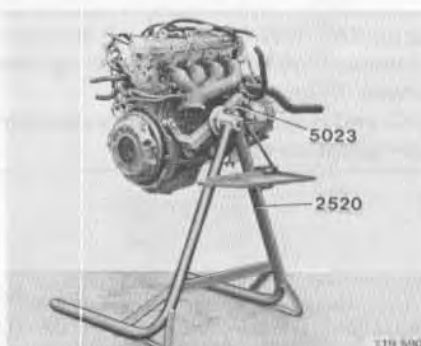
999	Description — use
1426-6	Drift: installing pilot bearing
2484-7	Centering drift: installing clutch plate (early gearbox types)
2520-8	Stand: Used with fixture 5023
4090-0	Extractor: pilot bearing
5017-2	Drift: installing/removing connecting rod bushing
5021-4	Press tool: installing/removing camshaft
5022-2	Press tool: adjusting valves
5023-0	Fixture: used with stand 2520
5024-8	Sleeve: installing crankshaft front seal
5025-5	Sleeve: installing camshaft and intermediate shaft seals
5026-3	Pliers: removing valve tappets
5027-1	Drift: installing intake valve guides
5028-9	Drift: installing exhaust valve guides
5029-7	Drift: installing intake valve seats
5034-7	Counterhold: crankshaft, intermediate shaft, camshaft
5111-3	Centering drift: clutch (late gearbox types)
5112-1	Gear sector: locking flywheel
5160-0	Reamer kit: contains 5161, 5162, 5163, 5164 (early type) or 5224 (late type)
5161-8	Reamer: for valve guide OS1
5162-6	Reamer: for valve guide OS2
5163-4	Reamer: for valve guide OS3
5218-6	Drift: removing valve guide
5219-4	Tool: removing/installing valve guide seals
5220-2	Drift: for checking valve
5222-8	Gauge: for checking valve stem length
5224-4	Reamer: inside (replaces 5164)
5276-4	Press tool: installing crankshaft rear seal



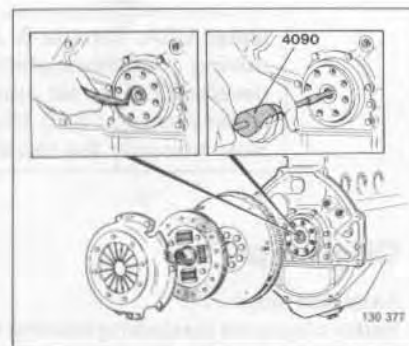
1426



2484



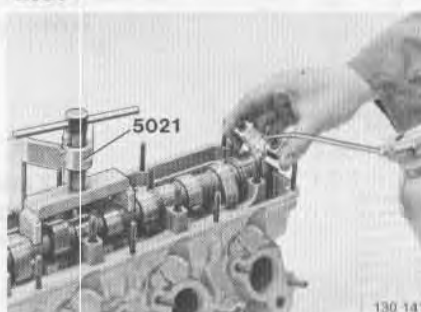
2520



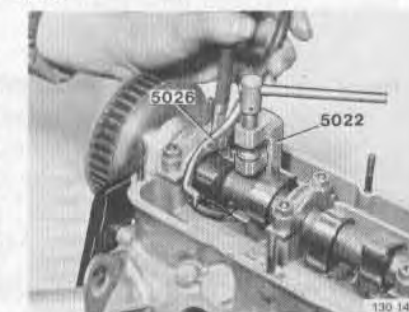
4090



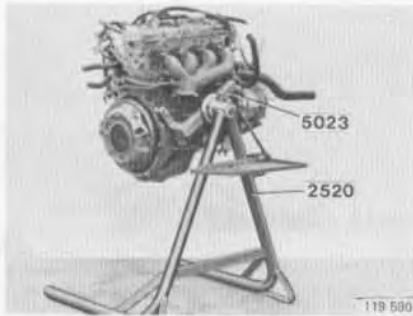
5017



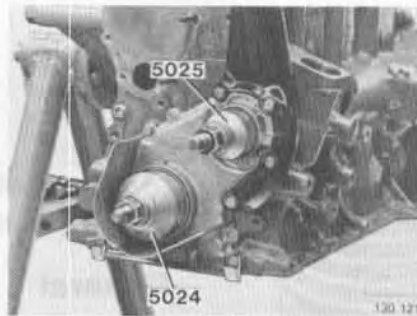
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5022



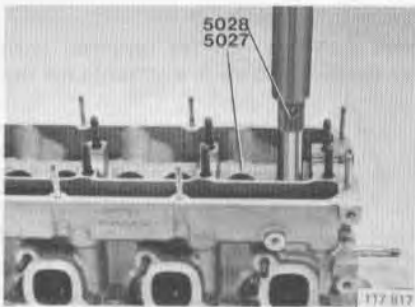
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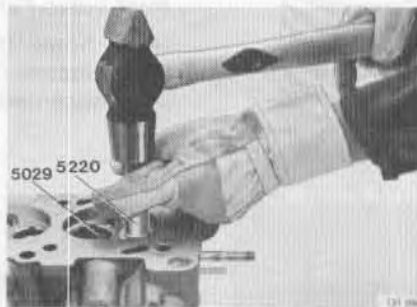
5024, 5025



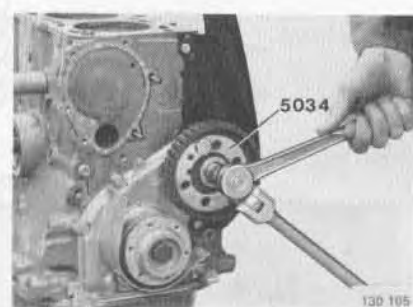
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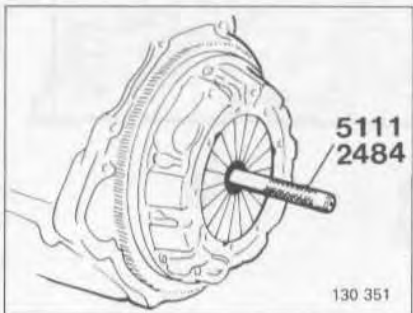
5027, 5028



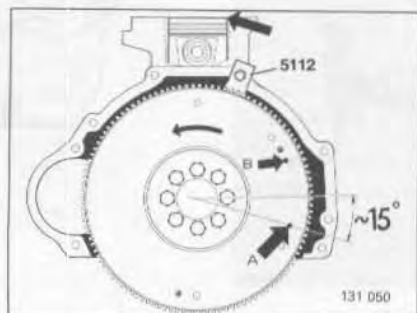
5029



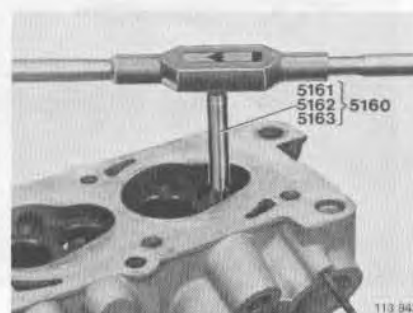
5034



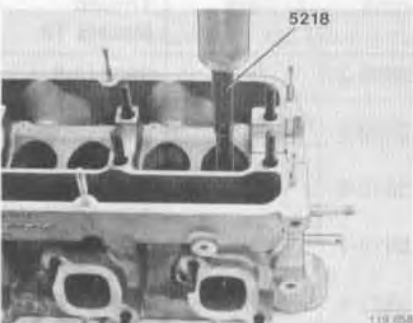
5111



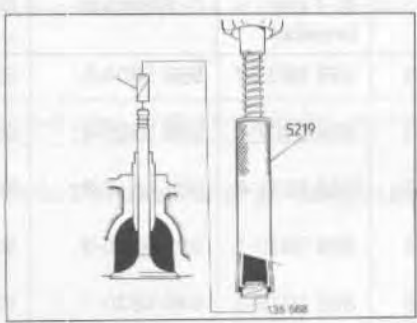
5112



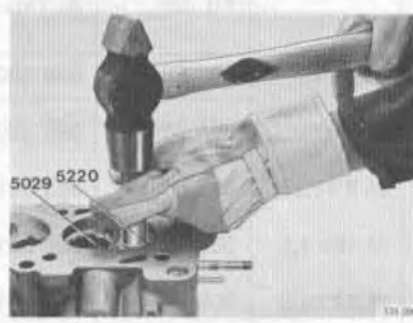
5160, 5161, 5162, 5163



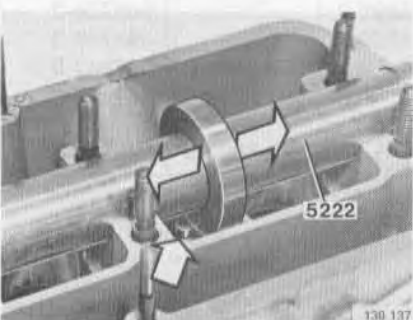
5218



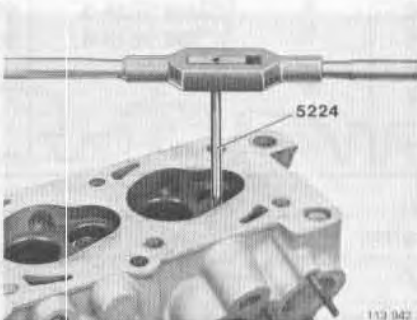
5219



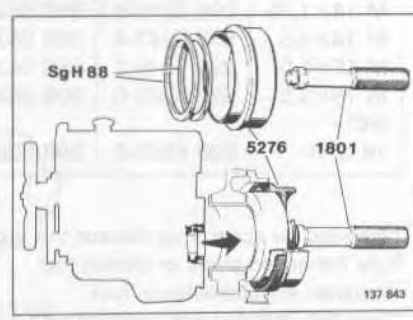
5220



5222

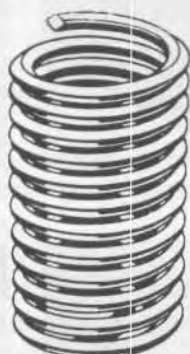
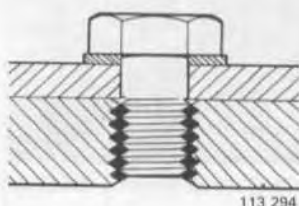


5224



5276

A. Thread repairs



A1

General

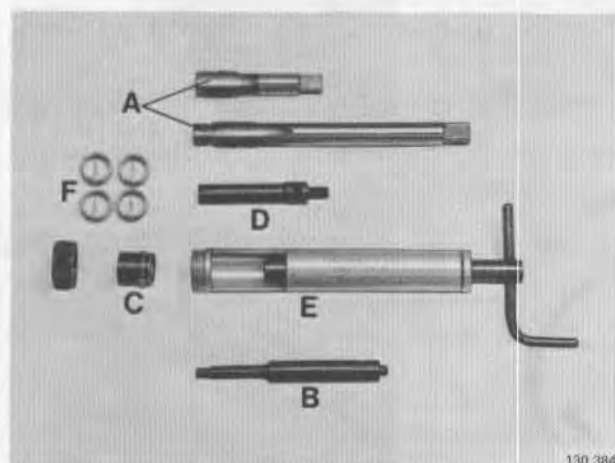
Damaged threads can usually be repaired with thread inserts. Thread inserts and installation tool are available from Volvo Parts.

Note. Some threads can/may not be repaired with thread inserts (refer to the illustration and table for the part concerned)

A2

Installation tool

Complete set or separate parts can be ordered from Volvo Parts.



Thread	Complete Kit, No.	Supplied with kit					
		A. Tap	B. Tang breaker	C. Mandrel	D. Crank	E. Tool	Thread inserts 10
M 6×1	998 5840-9	998 5802-9	998 5803-7	998 5804-5	998 5805-2	4)	956014-5 + 956015-2
M 7×1	998 5841-7	998 5806-0	998 5807-8	998 5808-6	998 5809-4	4)	948015-3 + 941843-5
M 8×1,25	998 5842-5	998 5810-2	998 5811-0	998 5812-8	998 5813-6	4)	956018-6 + 956019-4
M 10×1,5	998 5843-3	998 5814-4	998 5815-1	998 5816-9	998 5817-7	4)	956022-8 + 956023-6
M 12×1,5	998 5844-1	998 5818-5	998 5819-3	998 5820-1	998 5821-9	4)	948094-8 + 948095-5
M 14×1,25	998 5845-8 ¹⁾	998 5823-5	2)	998 5824-3	998 5825-0	4)	948756-2
M 14×1,25	998 5846-6	998 5826-8	2)	998 5824-3	998 5825-0	4)	948756-2
M 14×1,5	998 5847-4	998 5827-6	2)	998 5828-4	998 5829-2	4)	948758-8
M 16×1,5	998 5848-2	998 5831-8	2)	3)	3)	998 5832-6	947847-0
M 18×1,5	998 5849-0	998 5833-4	2)	3)	3)	998 5834-2	947843-9
5/8" – 18 UNF	998 5850-8	998 5860-7	2)	3)	3)	998 5861-5	948755-4

¹⁾Intended for spark plug threads (no drilling)

²⁾Use flat-nosed pliers or similar tool

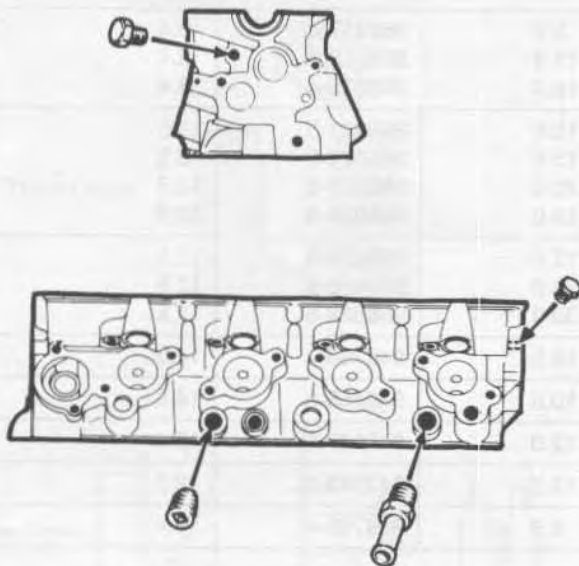
³⁾Supplied with installation tool

⁴⁾Tool 998 5830-0 is not supplied with complete kit and should be ordered separately if required.

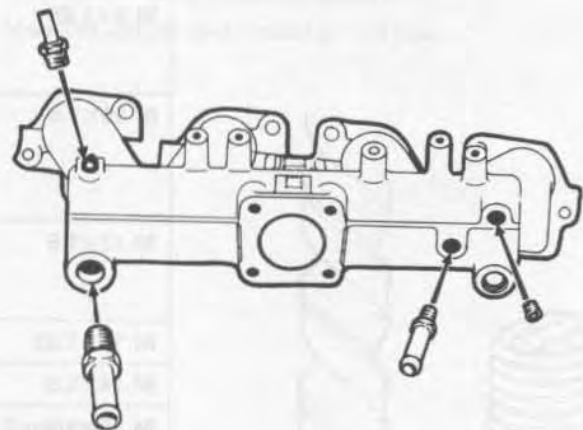
Do not repair these threads
(Threads shown below cannot or must not be repaired)

A3

Cylinder head



Inlet manifold

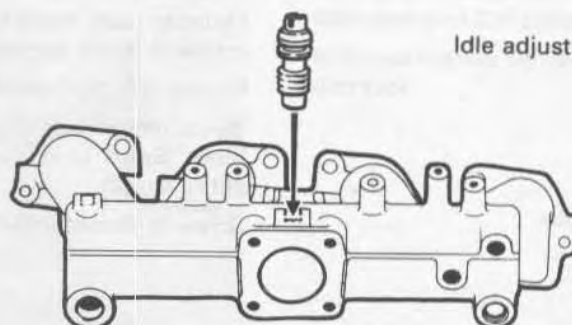


137 807

All conical threads such as plugs and nipples in inlet manifold on all engine types. A few examples are shown above.

Later type inlet manifolds have a few unthreaded holes intended for self-tapping screws.

Inlet manifold A-engines

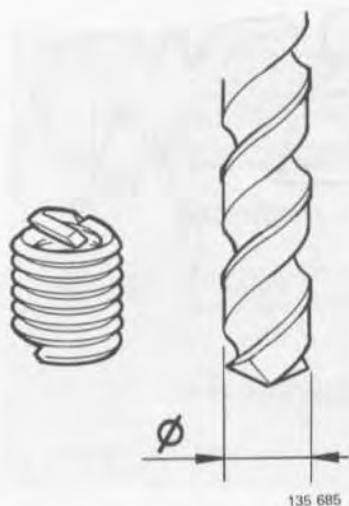


Idle adjustment screw

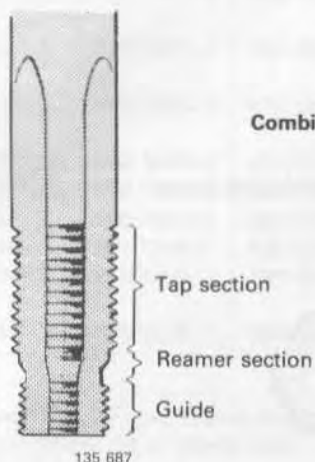
137 808

Thread repair insert, drill diameter

A4



Thread	Length mm	P/N	Drill dia mm
M 6×1	9.0	956014-5	6.3
	12.0	956015-2	6.3
M 7×1	10.5	948015-3	7.3
	14.0	941843-5	7.3
M 8×1.25	8.0	956017-8	8.4
	11.4	956018-6	8.4
	16.0	956019-4	8.4
M 10×1.5	10.0	956021-0	10.5
	15.0	956022-8	10.5
	20.0	956023-6	10.5
	25.0	956024-4	10.5
M 12×1.5	12.0	948094-8	12.5
	24.0	948095-5	12.5
	30.0	956028-5	12.5
M 14×1.25	14.5	948756-2	14.3
M 14×1.5	10.0	948758-8	14.5
M 16×1.5	12.0	947847-0	16.5
M 18×1.5	13.5	947843-9	18.5
5/8"×18UNF	8.0	948755-4	16.4



Combination tap

A5

Repairing spark plug threads

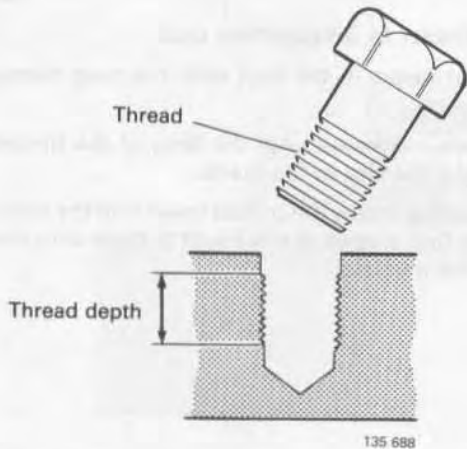
Cylinder head must be removed first. Tap hole from inside to avoid damaging seat for spark plug.

Do not drill the hole. Use tap 998 5823-5.

Re-cut old threads only. Do not cut further into cylinder block. Spark plug bore must not be threaded along entire length.

Screw in thread insert (P/N 948756-2).

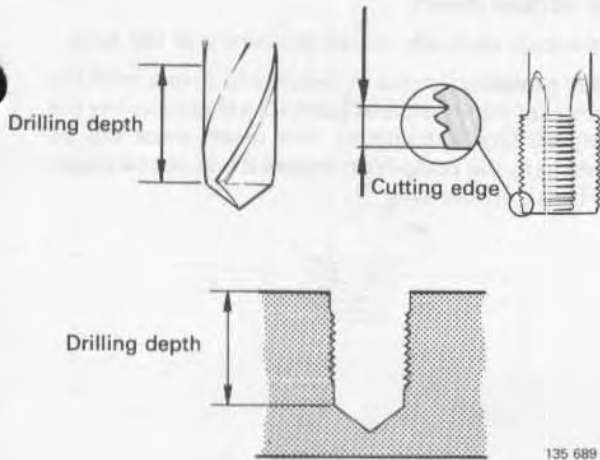
Installing thread inserts



A6

Select drill size, tap and insert

Measure length and thread of old hole.



A7

Tap hole

NOTE! Special instructions for spark plug holes, see page 14.

Measure depth of hole. Drill out hole to this depth.

Cut the screw thread to such a depth that the thread insert makes contact with fully cut screw thread along its entire length.

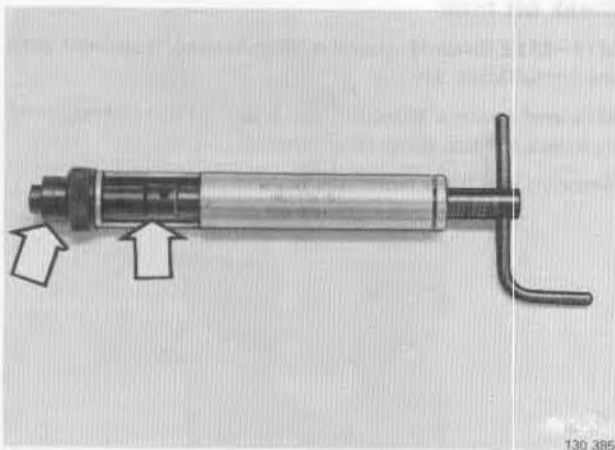
Clean the hole.

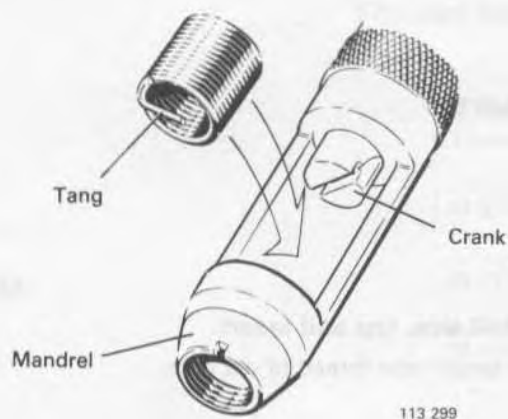
A8

Assemble installation tool

M6–M14 threads: fit correct mandrel and crank in installation tool 998 5830-0.

M16 and coarser threads: use the appropriate installation tool.





113 299

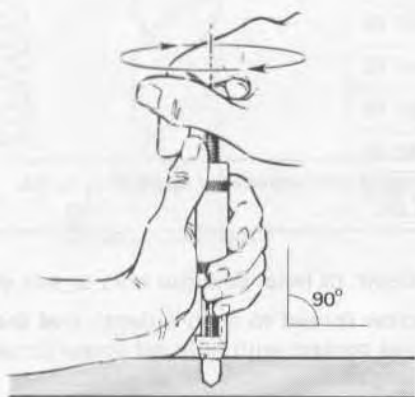
A9

Fit thread insert in installation tool

Fit the thread insert in the tool with the tang facing downwards.

Turn the crank clockwise until the tang of the thread insert engages the slot in the crank.

Without pressing, screw the thread insert into the mandrel until the first thread of the insert is flush with the opening of the mandrel.



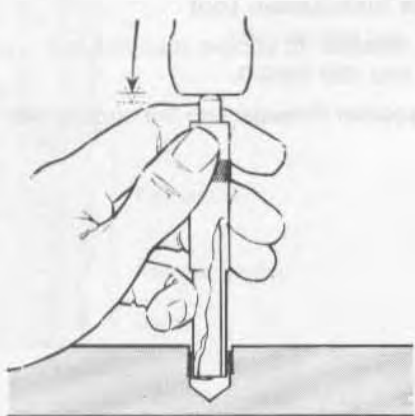
113 300

A10

Install thread insert

Hold the tool vertically above the centre of the hole.

Without pressing, screw in the thread insert until the top thread of the insert is at least $\frac{1}{2}$ a thread below the working surface ($0.5 \times \text{pitch}$). The insert must not be screwed in to the bottom otherwise it will not be possible to break off the tang.



113 301

A11

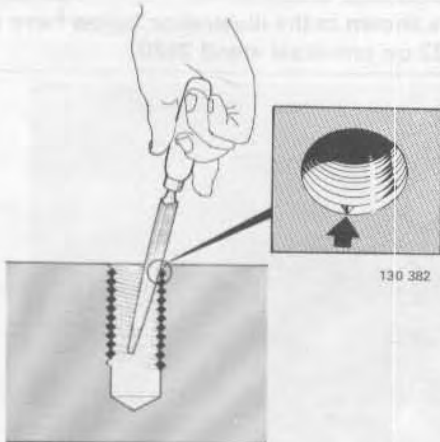
Break off tang

M16–M12 threads: use the tang breaker supplied with the installation kit.

M14 and coarser threads: use a pair of flat nosed pliers to break off the tang downwards.

Remove the tang from the hole.

Removing thread repairs inserts



A12

File groove in thread insert

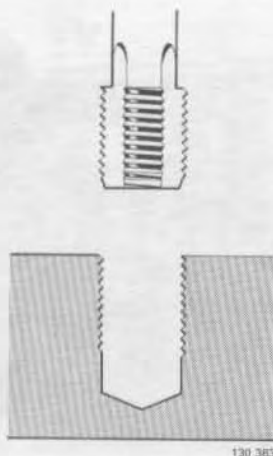
Using a triangular file make a groove in the top thread of the insert, approx. 1/4 of a thread from the end. Take care not to damage the thread holding the insert.



A13

Remove thread insert

Insert a sharp edge of a triangular scraper in the groove. Press downwards and rotate anti-clockwise until the insert is removed.



A14

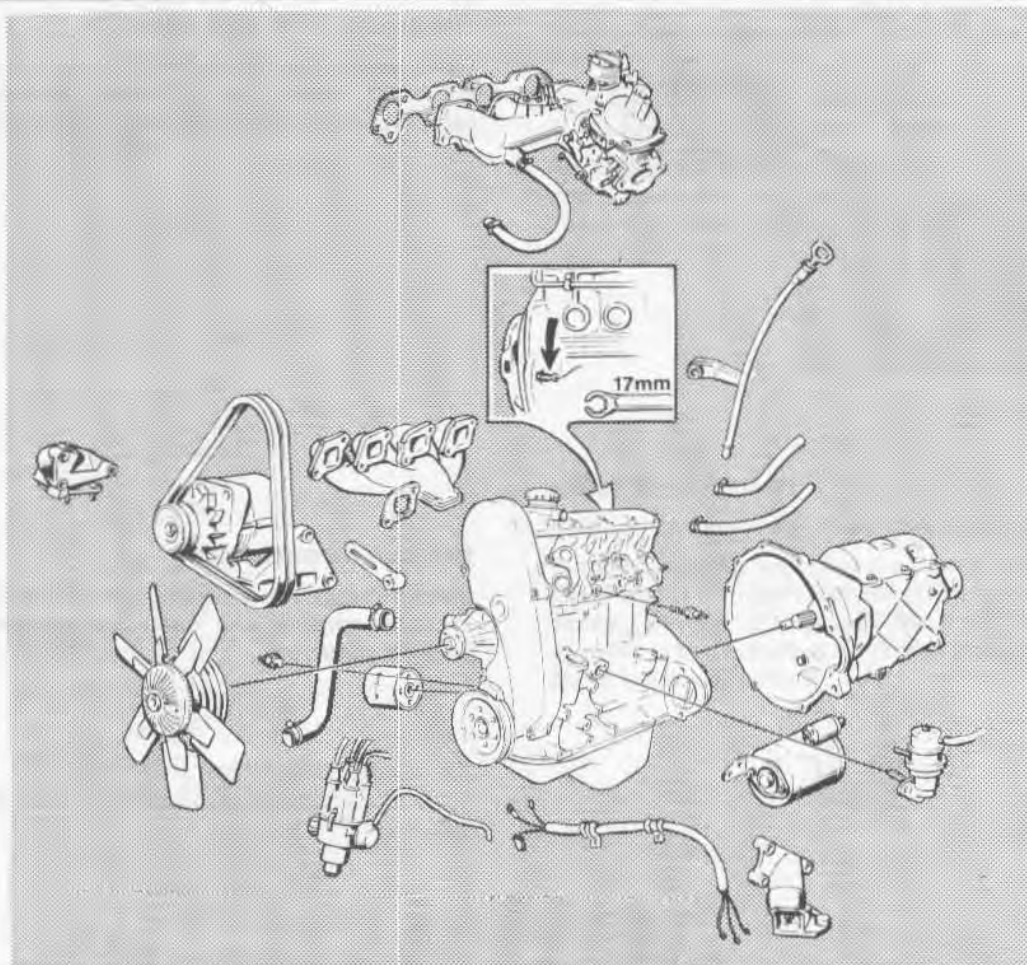
Fit new thread insert

Clean the hole with a tap and fit a new insert.

Reconditioning engine

Special tools: 1426, 2484, 2520, 4090, 5017, 5021, 5022, 5023, 5024, 5025, 5026, 5027, 5028, 5029, 5034, 5111, 5112, 5160, 5161, 5162, 5163, 5218, 5219, 5220, 5222, 5224, 5276.

For the overhaul of the engine it is presumed that the components shown in the illustration below have already been removed. Also that the engine is mounted with support 5023 on universal stand 2520.



137 555

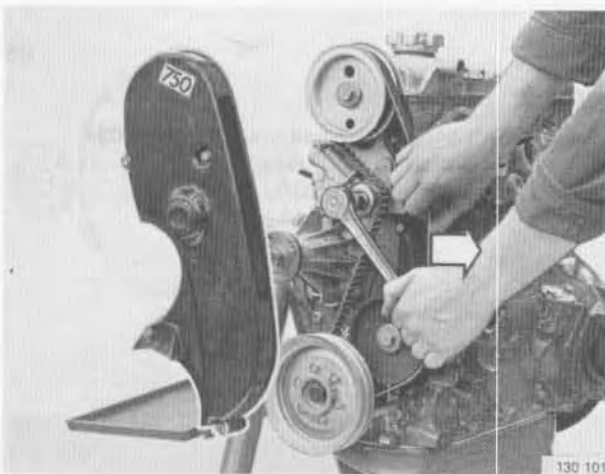


137 002



137 810

B. Engine, disassembly



TIMING GEARS AND CYLINDER HEAD

B1

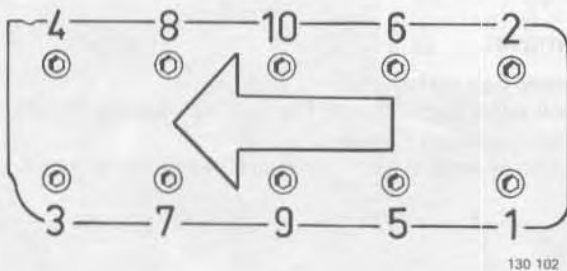
Remove timing gear case, crankshaft pulley and drive belt

Slacken belt as follows:

- slacken nut for drive belt tensioner
- stretch belt by hand
- retighten nut

Important

To prevent damage, do not rotate crankshaft or camshaft when gear belt is removed as pistons may strike valves.



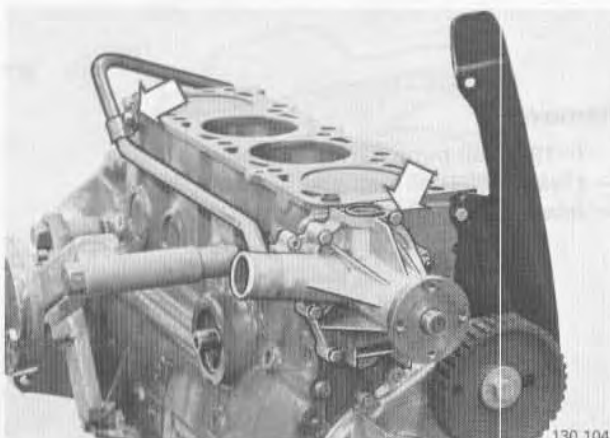
B2

Remove rocker cover and cylinder head

Unscrew screws in sequence shown adjacent.

Important

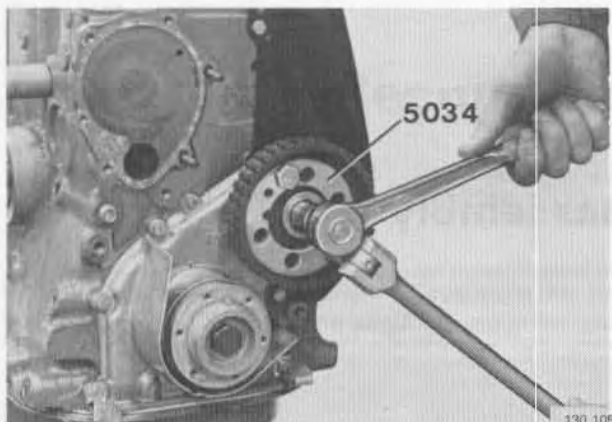
Cylinder head is made of aluminum. To avoid damage it should be placed on wooden supports when removed.



B3

Remove:

- water pump
- pipe to heater

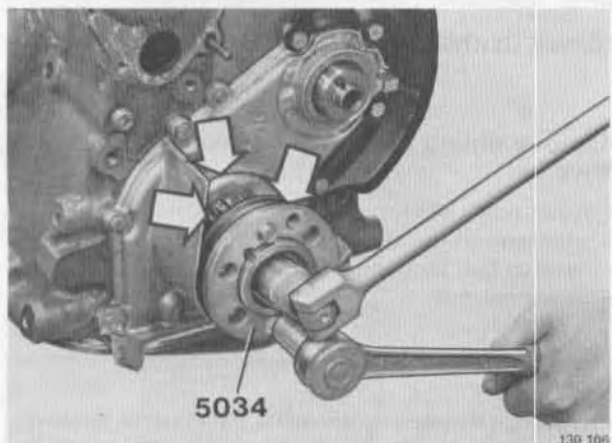


130 105

B4

Remove pulley from intermediate shaft

Use 5034 to lock shaft.

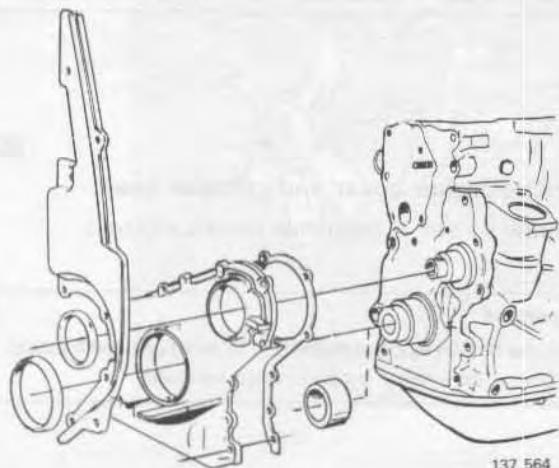


130 105

B5

Remove:

- crankshaft centre bolt use counterhold 5034
- hub, guide plates and pulley
- key in crankshaft (only early types).

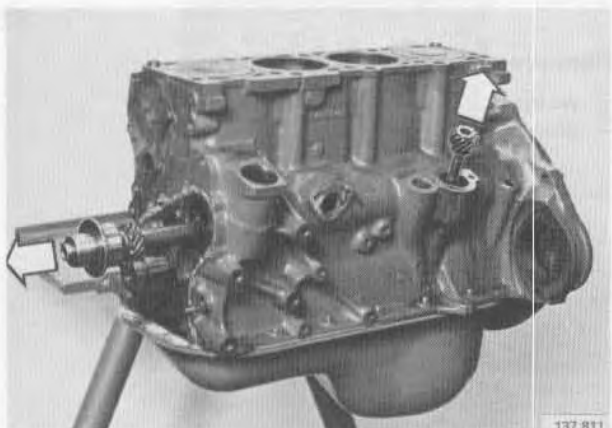


137 564

B6

Remove:

- rear belt guard
- oil seals from flange. Pry out with a screwdriver
- front sealing flange
- spacer sleeve from crankshaft (only early types).

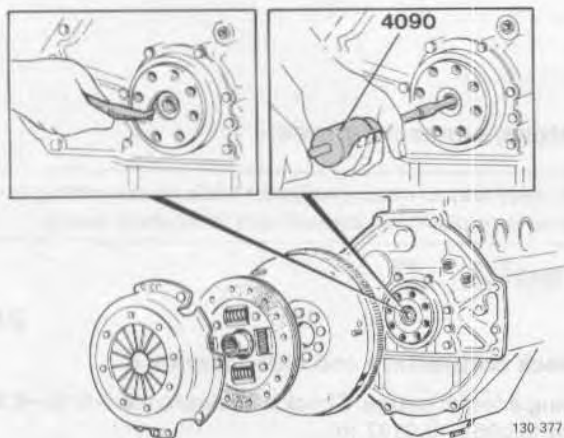


137 811

B7

Remove:

- (-1980) oil pump cover and pinion
- (1981-1984) oil trap and pinion
- intermediate shaft



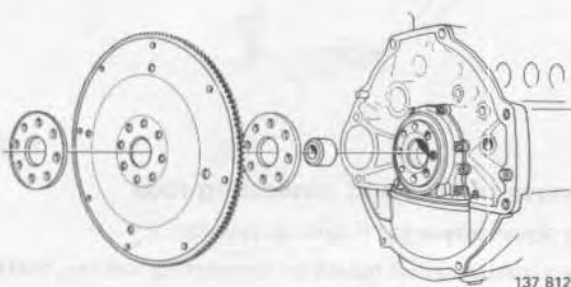
FLYWHEEL, OIL SUMP, OIL PUMP

Manual gearboxes

B8

Remove:

- pressure plate and driven plate. Slacken pressure plate bolts crosswise, a few turns at a time to prevent warp
- flywheel. Use locking sector 5112 to prevent crankshaft from rotating
- lockring
- pilot bearing from crankshaft. Use puller 4090

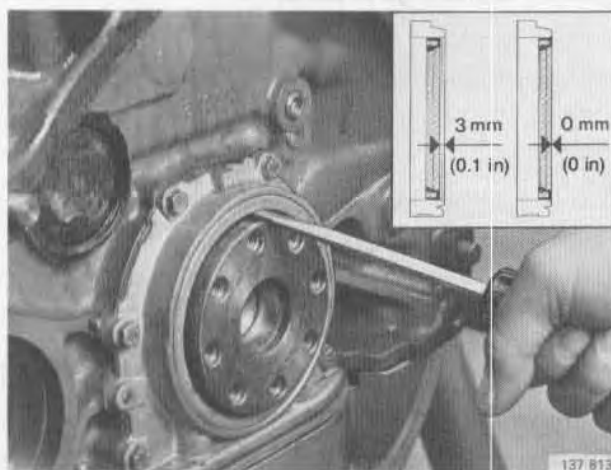


Automatic gearboxes

B9

Remove:

- carrier plate with support plate and coupling flange. Use locking sector 5112 to lock flywheel when removing bolts.
- guide sleeve



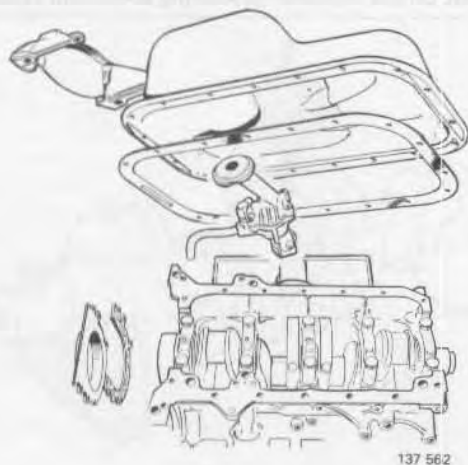
B10

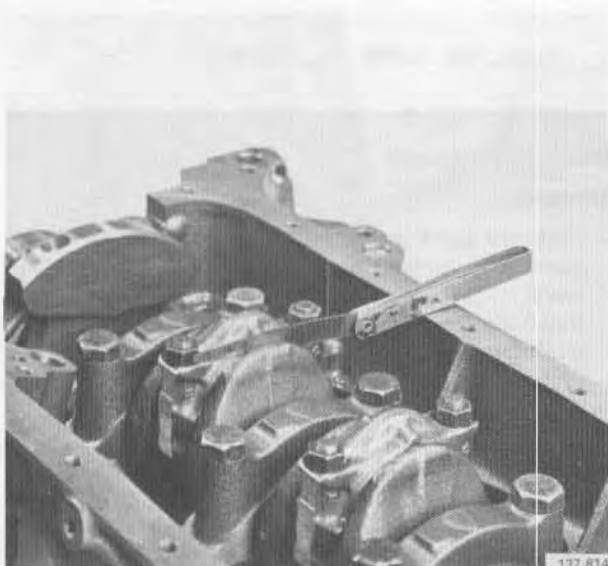
Remove:

- crankshaft rear oil seal. Pry seal out with a screwdriver. Check if seal is flush with flange or 3 mm (0.1 in) from flange, so that it can be refitted in same position.

Remove:

- support bracket
- oil sump
- rear sealing flange
- oil pump and delivery pipe





Pistons, connecting rods

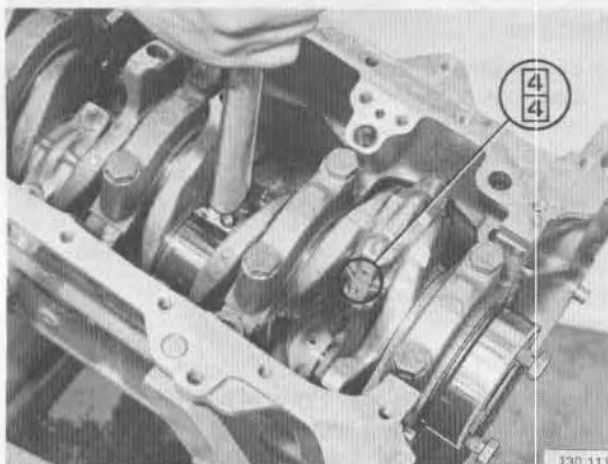
An easy way to rotate crankshaft while disassembling engine, is to place two screwdrivers in flywheel mount.

B11

Check connecting rod side clearance

Using a feeler gauge. Check that clearance = **0.15–0.35 mm** (0.0059–0.0137 in).

If side play is too large, replace connecting rods.



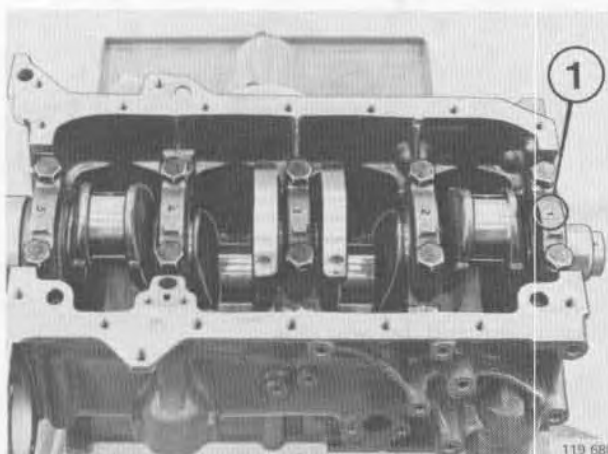
B12

Remove pistons and connecting rods

Rub down any wear ridges in cylinder.

Check identification marks on connecting rod cap, mark if necessary.

Assemble connecting rod, bearing and cap shells to prevent interchange of parts.



Crankshaft

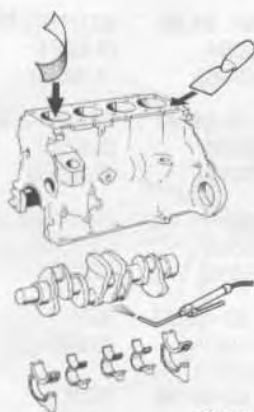
B13

Remove crankshaft and main bearings

Check identification marks on caps, mark if necessary.

Important Do not interchange bearing shells and caps.

C. Cleaning, checking



130 344

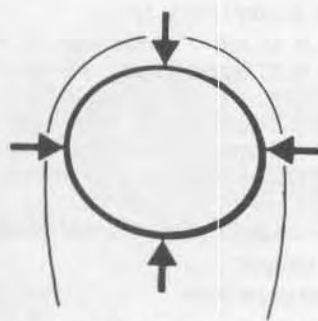
Clean:

- cylinder bores (polish dull parts)
- cylinder block (contact faces, bearing seats, oilways, holes for cylinder head bolts, remove old gasket material)
- crankshaft, blow compressed air through oilways
- main bearing caps and shells.

C1



Taper



Out-of-round 129 452

Examine crankshaft

Measure out-of-round and taper with micrometer. Take measurements at different points on journals.

Connecting rod journals

Max out-of-round **0.05 mm** (0.0020 in)

Max taper **0.05 mm** (0.0020 in)

Main bearing journals

Max out-of-round **0.07 mm** (0.0028 in)

Max taper **0.05 mm** (0.0020 in)

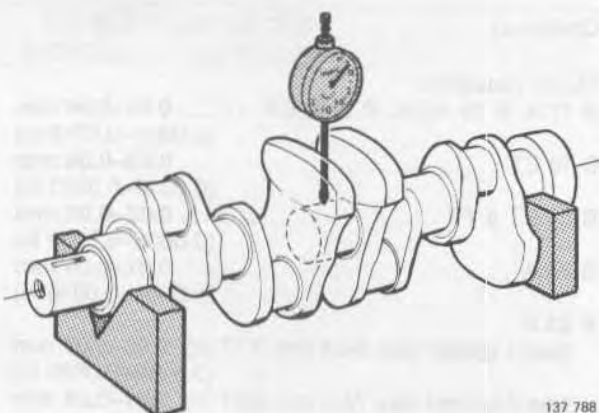
Journals can be ground down to two undersizes, see specifications on page 7.

If crankshaft is thought to be out-of-true, check with a dial indicator as follows.

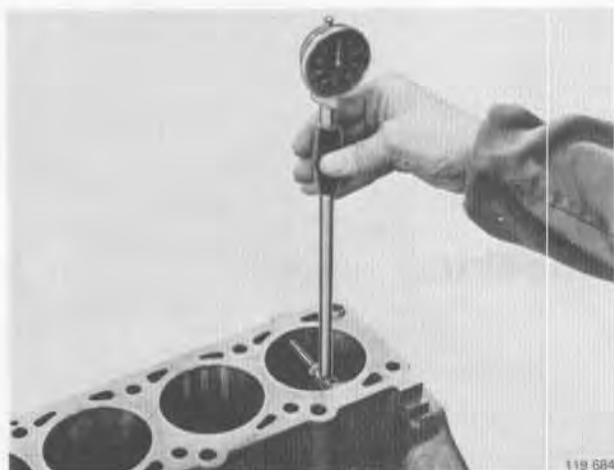
Support crankshaft on 'V' blocks. Rotate one turn and measure out-of-true for two centre journals.

Out-of-true = **max 0.05 mm** (0.0020 in)

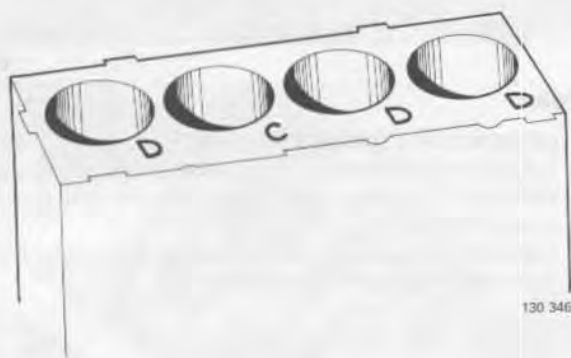
C2



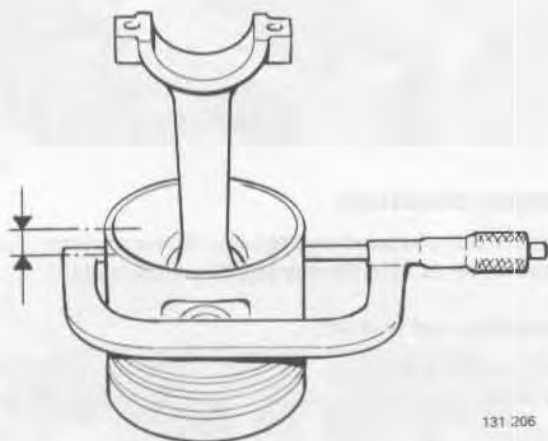
137 788



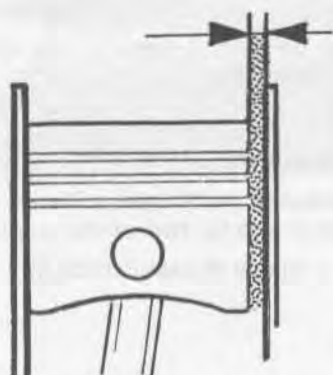
119 584



130 346



131 206



131 370

Measure cylinder bores

Use an accurate bore gauge (range = 50–100 mm or 2–4 in).

Measure **max wear** crosswise just below top dead centre.

Measure **min wear** lengthwise at bottom dead centre.

C4

Identification

A letter is stamped into block next to each cylinder. (C, D, E or G).

Oversizes are indicated by OD1 (OS1) or OD2 (OS2). After reboring, punch in new size (mark).

Standard	B 17, B 19	B 21	B 23
(C-marked)			
mm	88.90-88.91	92.00-92.01	96.00-96.01
(in)	(3.500-3.5004)	(3.6220-3.6224)	(3.7795-3.7799)
(D-marked)			
mm	88.91-88.92	92.01-92.02	96.01-96.02
(in)	(3.5004-3.5008)	(3.6224-3.6228)	(3.7799-3.7803)
(E-marked)			
mm	88.92-88.93	92.02-92.03	96.02-96.03
(in)	(3.5008-3.5012)	(3.6228-3.6232)	(3.7803-3.7807)
(G-marked)			
mm	88.94-88.95	92.04-92.05	96.04-96.05
(in)	(3.5016-3.5019)	(3.6236-3.6240)	(3.7811-3.7815)
Oversizes:			
OS1 mm	89.29-89.30	92.5	96.3
(in)	(3.5153-3.5157)	(3.64)	(3.79)
OS2 mm	89.67-89.68	93.0	96.6
(in)	(3.5303-3.5307)	(3.66)	(3.80)

C5

Measure piston diameter

Measure diameter at right angles to gudgeon (piston) pin. Diameter must be measured at different points depending on piston/engine type.

- B 21 A/E = **6 mm** (0.24 in) from bottom edge of skirt
- B 23 type 1 (piston size 80.4 mm or 3.17 in) = **15 mm** (0.59 in) from bottom edge
- B 23 type 2 (A, E, and F) (piston size 76.4 mm or 3.01 in) = **8 mm** (0.31 in) from bottom edge
- Others = **7 mm** (0.28 in) from bottom edge

C6

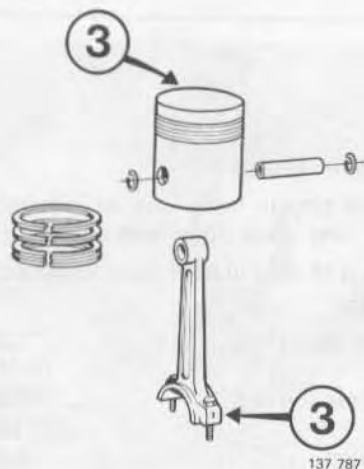
Calculate piston clearance in cylinder

Example:

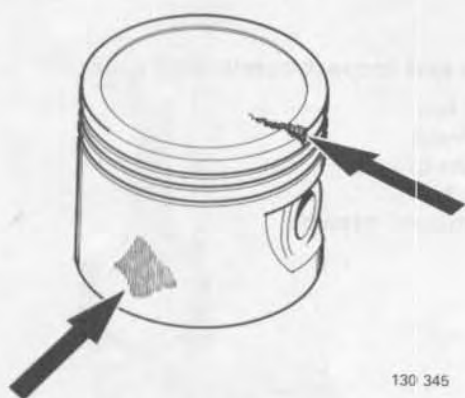
Measure bore	min 92.02 mm (3.6228 in)	max 92.03 mm (3.6232 in)
Measure piston diameter	92.00 mm (3.6220 in)	92.00 mm (3.6220 in)
Clearance	0.02 mm to (0.0008 in)	0.03 mm (0.0012 in)

Piston clearance:

B 17 A, B 19 A/E/K, B 21 A/E/F	0.01–0.04 mm (0.0004–0.0016 in)
B 19 ET	0.03–0.06 mm (0.0012–0.0023 in)
B 21 ET & FT	0.02–0.04 mm (0.0008–0.0016 in)
B 23 A	0.01–0.04 mm (0.0004–0.0016 in)
B 23 E	
type 1 (piston size 80.4 mm 3.17 in)	0.05–0.07 mm (0.0019–0.0028 in)
type 2 (piston size 76.4 mm 3.01 in)	0.01–0.04 mm (0.0004–0.0016 in)
B 23 F	0.01–0.04 mm (0.0004–0.0016 in)



137 787



130 345

C7

Remove rings from pistons

Use piston ring pliers.

C8

Disassemble connecting rods from pistons

Check that pistons and connecting rods are marked prior to dismantling.

C9

Cleans and inspect pistons

Remove all traces of carbon. Scrape out grooves with e.g. an old, ground piston ring.

Check for:

- damage
- signs of wear
- cracks

C10

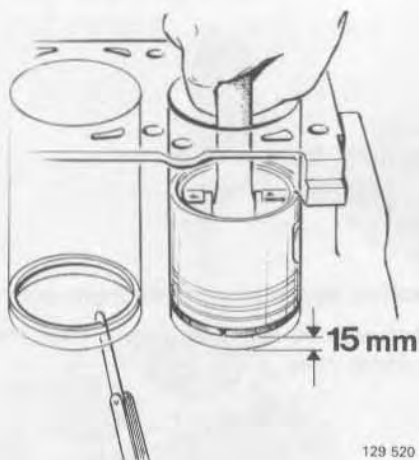
Check ring to groove clearance

Use a feeler gauge

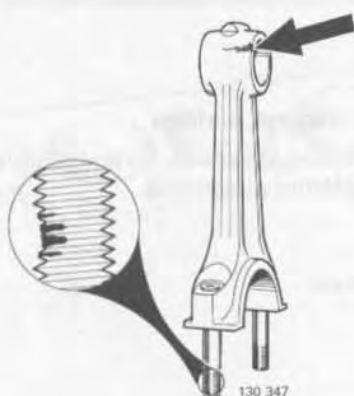
Upper compression ring	0.040–0.072 mm (0.0016–0.0028 in)
Lower compression	0.040–0.072 mm (0.0016–0.0028 in)
Oil scraper ring	0.030–0.062 mm (0.0012–0.0024 in)



119 688



129 520



130 347

C11

Check piston ring gap

Insert piston ring in bore (use an inverted piston to ensure that ring takes up correct position.)

Measure gap 15 mm (0.6 in) from lower edge, using a feeler gauge.

Upper compression ring	0.35–0.65 mm (0.014–0.026 in)
Lower compression ring	0.35–0.55 mm (0.014–0.022 in)
Oil scraper ring	0.25–0.60 mm (0.010–0.024 in)

C12

Clean and inspect connecting rods

Check for:

- damage
- signs of wear
- cracks
- damaged threads

C13

Check gudgeon (pistons) pin fit

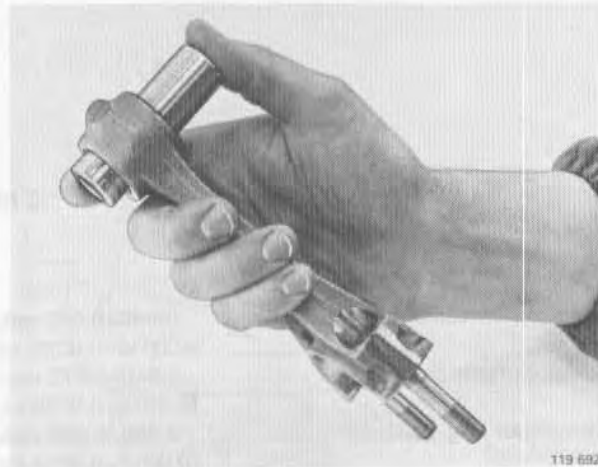
It should be possible to slide pin through bore with light thumb pressure.

C14

Check gudgeon (piston) pin fit in piston

Pin must not be loose. It should be possible to press pin through with thumb pressure.

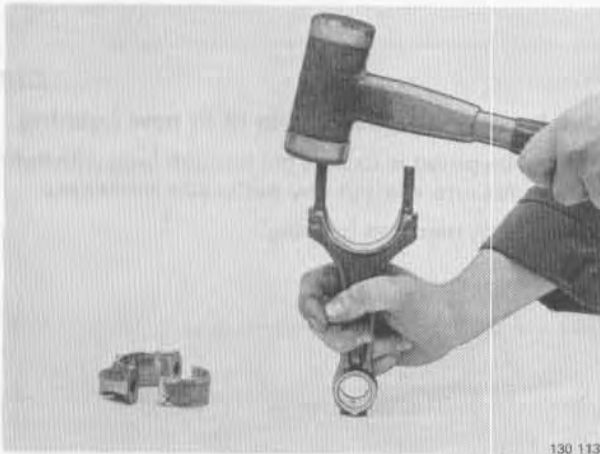
Oversized pins can be used if bore is worn.



119 692



119 689



130 113

Replacing damaged connecting rod bolt

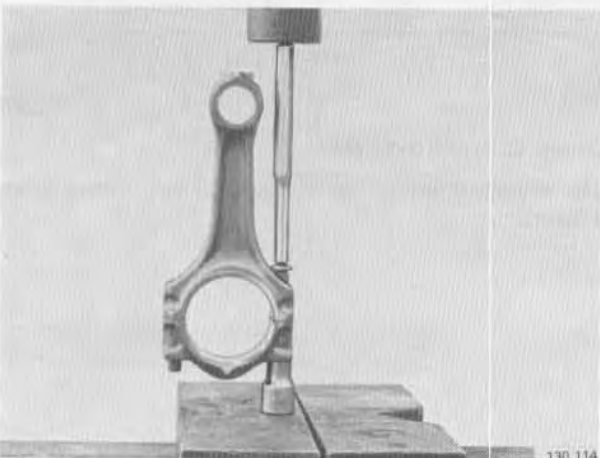
Operation C15–16

C15

Tap out old bolt

Remove cap and shells.

Rest connecting rod on hard, level surface and tap bolt out with a mallet.



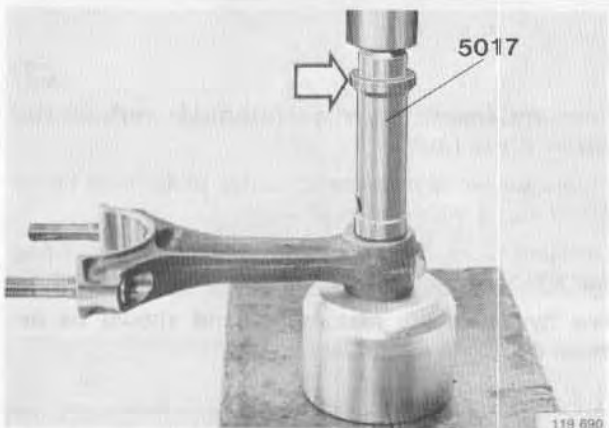
130 114

Install new bolts

Position cap, observing assembly marks.

Place a 12 mm socket beneath cap and press in new bolt.

C16



119 690

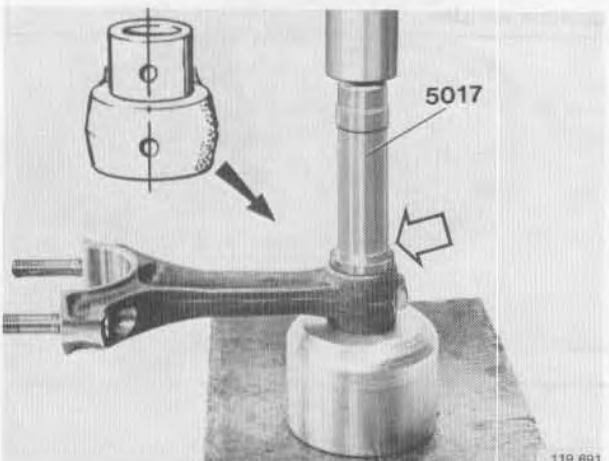
Replacing connecting rod bushing

Operations C17–19

C17

Press out old bushing

Use small end of drill 5017.



119 691

Press in new bushing

Use wide end of 5017.

C18

Important Make sure that lubrication holes in bushing and connecting rod align



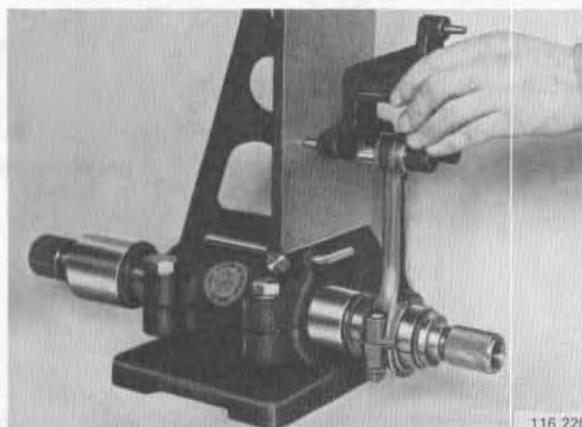
119 692

C19

Check gudgeon (piston) pin fit in new bushing

It should be possible to slide pin through bore with light thumb pressure without any noticeable looseness.

If necessary, machine bushing.

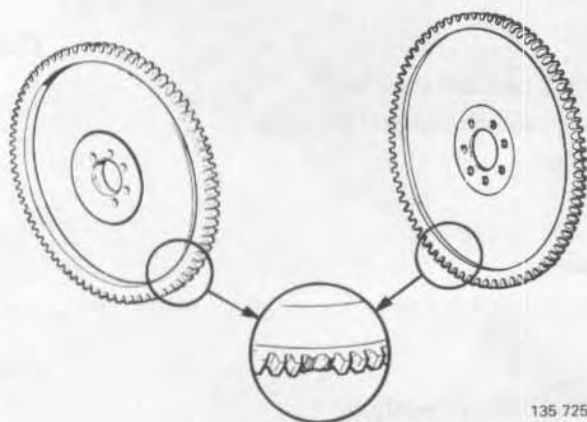


116 220

C20

Check connecting rod

Use an alignment gauge to check for out-of-true twist, S-form.



135 725

C21

Clean and inspect flywheel (manual gearbox) and carrier plate (auto)

If replacement is necessary, carrier plate must be replaced along with ring gear.

Damaged worn flywheel must be replaced with ring gear attached but ring gear can be replaced separately.

New flywheels are rustproofed and should be degreased prior to assembly

Two different types of flywheels are in use on manual gearbox vehicles.

Replacing ring gear

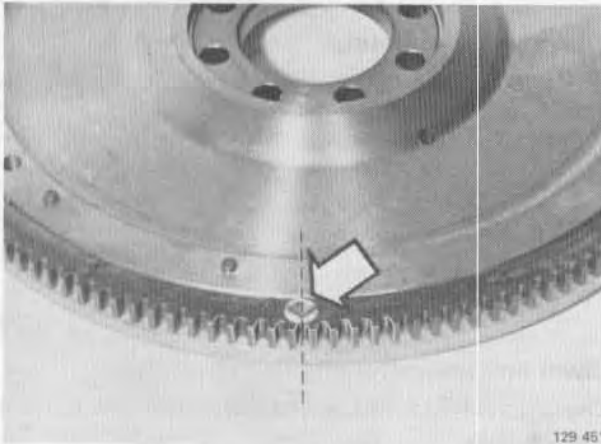
Operations C22–26

C22

Heat new ring gear to 230°C (450°F)

Heat ring gear in an oven or with an oxyacetylene torch.

If oven is to be used, begin heating at this stage.



129 451

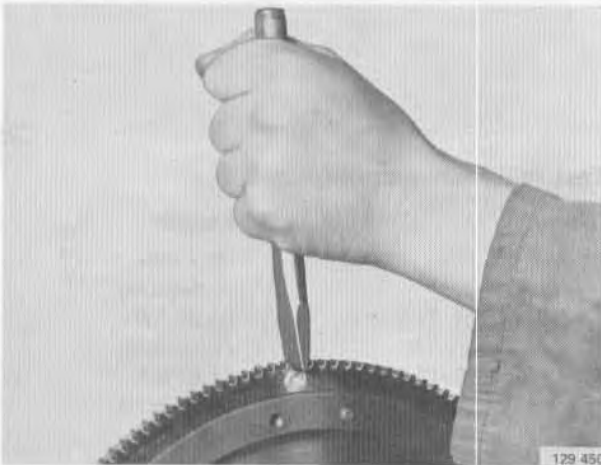
C23

Drill a hole between two cogs.

Use an 10 mm (0.4 in) drill.

Depth = 9 mm (0.35 in).

Important: Do not drill into flywheel as this may cause out-of-balance.



129 450

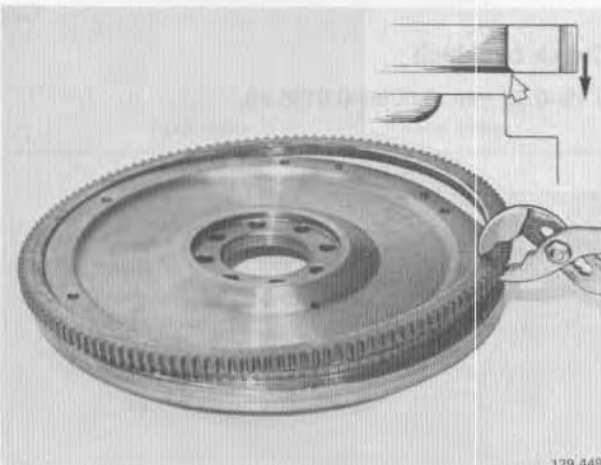
C24

Remove ring gear

Mount flywheel in a vice protected by soft jaws.

Lever off ring gear with a screwdriver. It may be necessary to split ring gear above drilled hole.

Clean mating surfaces on flywheel.



129 449

C25

Heat new ring gear to 230°C (450°F)

Check temperature with solder (40 % tin, 60 % lead) solder melts at 220–230°C (430–450°F).

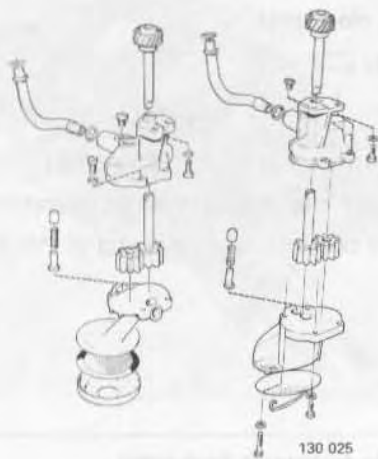
C26

Install new ring gear

Important: Bevelled side of ring gear must face flywheel.

If necessary tap ring gear until flush with flywheel, using a brass drift.

Leave to cool.



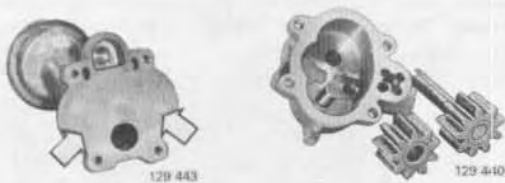
Oil pump, cleaning – inspection

Operations C27–33

C27

Disassemble oil pump

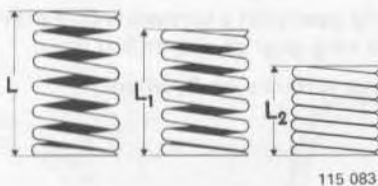
On older types it is necessary to remove strainer to obtain access to retaining screws.



C28

Clean and inspect pump

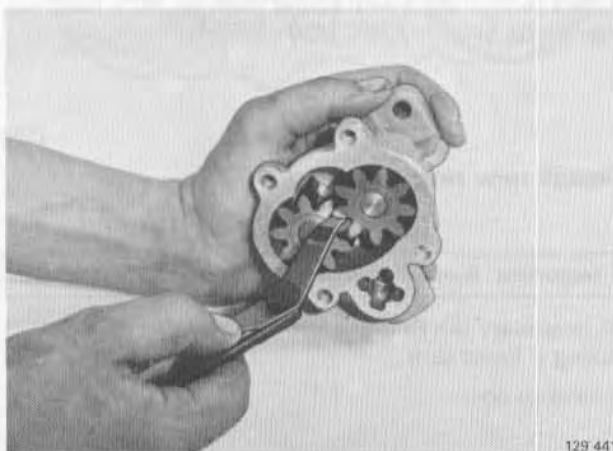
Check gears, pump body and cover for signs of wear and damage.



C29

Test relief valve spring

Load	Length
0	39.2 mm (1.5445 in)
46–54 N (10.1–11.9 lb.)	26.25 mm (1.0343 in)
62–78 N (13.6–17.2 lb.)	21.0 mm (0.8274 in)



C30

Check backlash

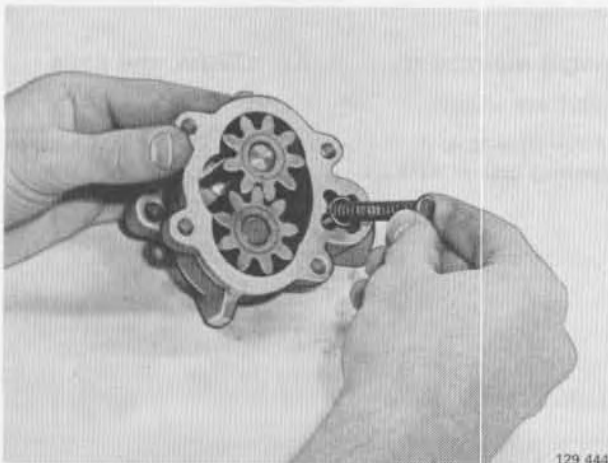
0.15–0.35 mm (0.0059–0.0138 in).



Check gear end play

0.02–0.12 mm (0.0008–0.0047 in).

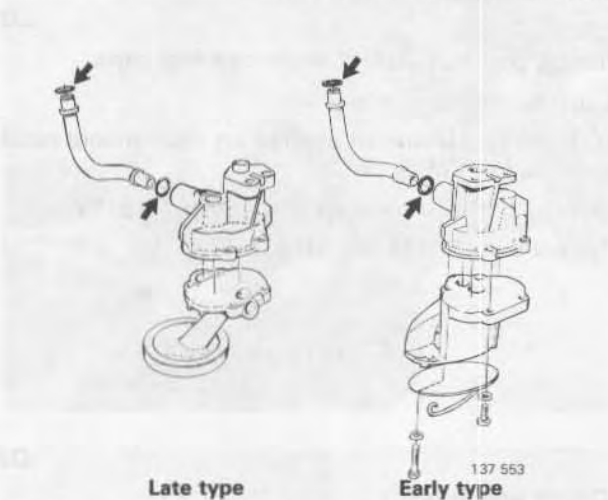
C31



Fit plunger and spring

Earlier types have a valve ball and spring.

C32



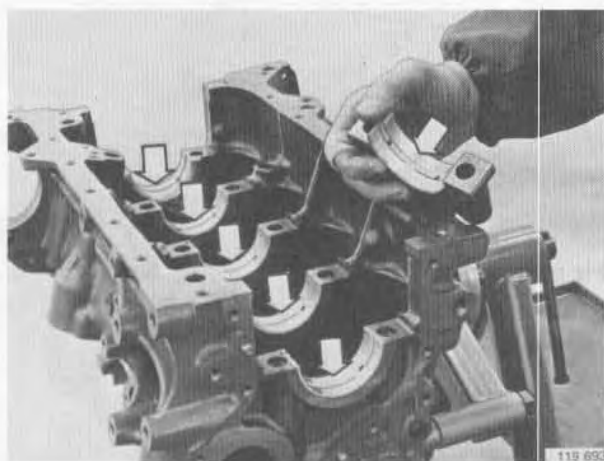
Assemble oil pump

Connect delivery pipe using new oil seals.

C33

D. Engine, assembly

Always use new seals, O-rings and gaskets when assembling the engine



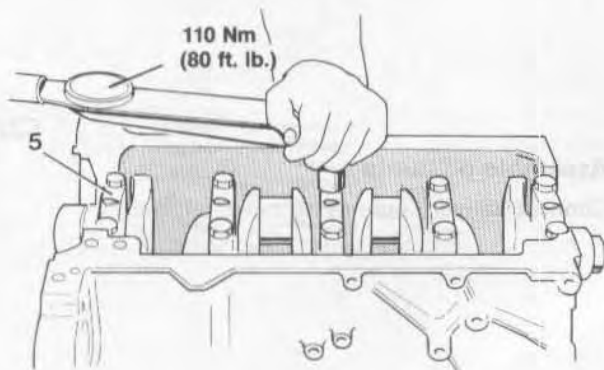
CRANKSHAFT

D1

Install main bearing shells in block and caps

Lubricate shells.

Make sure that matched pairs are installed together. Bearing cap at flywheel end is marked 5.



D2

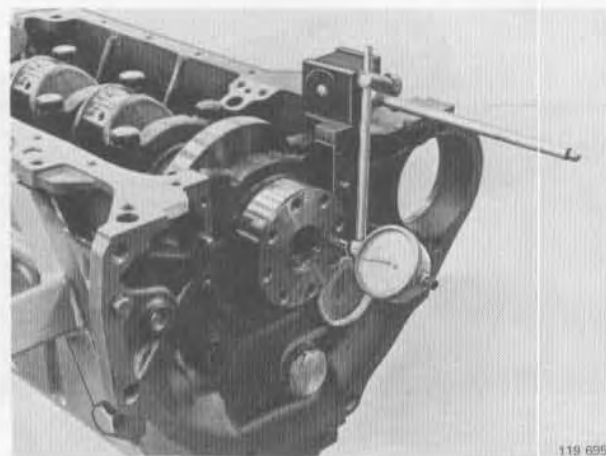
Install crankshaft and main bearing caps

Lubricate bearings and studs.

Note that drop-shaped symbol on caps should point towards front of block.

Cap No. 5 (thrust bearing) should be next to flywheel.

Torque bolts to **110 Nm (80 ft.lbs)**.

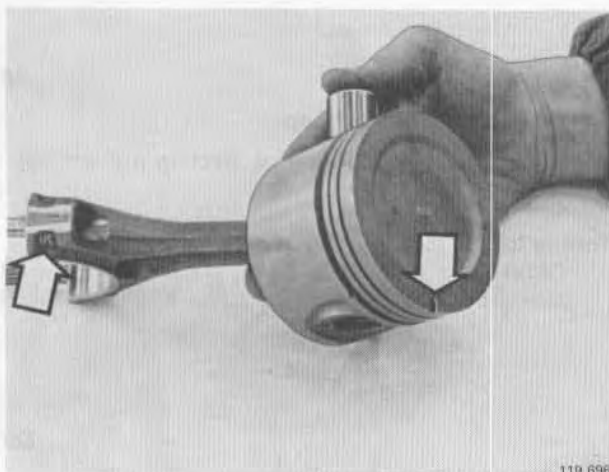


D3

Check end float.

Move crankshaft lengthwise back and forth and measure clearance with a dial indicator.

End float = max. **0.25 mm (0.0099 in)**



119 696

PISTONS, CONNECTING RODS

D4

Assemble pistons to connecting rods

Mark on piston crown should face forwards.

Connecting rod mark should face towards oil filter.

Check that pistons and connecting rods are not interchanged.



119 698

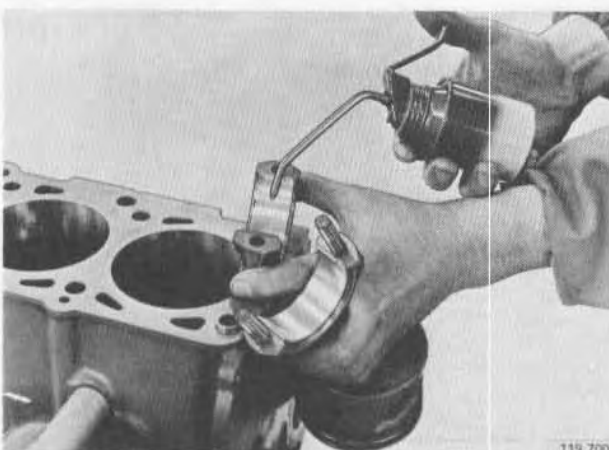
Install piston rings

Turn rings so that gaps are 120° apart.



119 697

D5

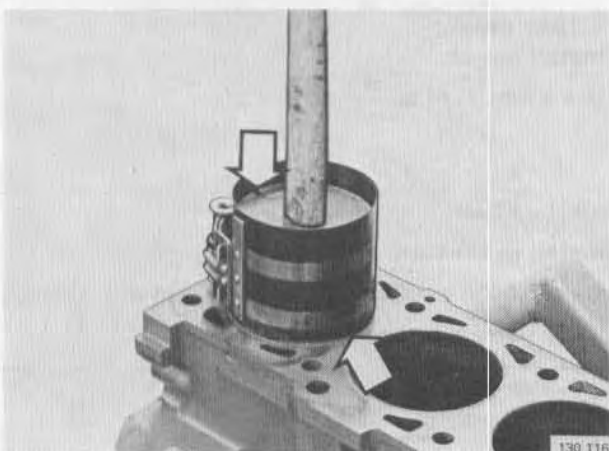


119 700

Install bearing shells in connecting rods and caps

Oil cylinder liners, pistons and shells.

D6



130/116

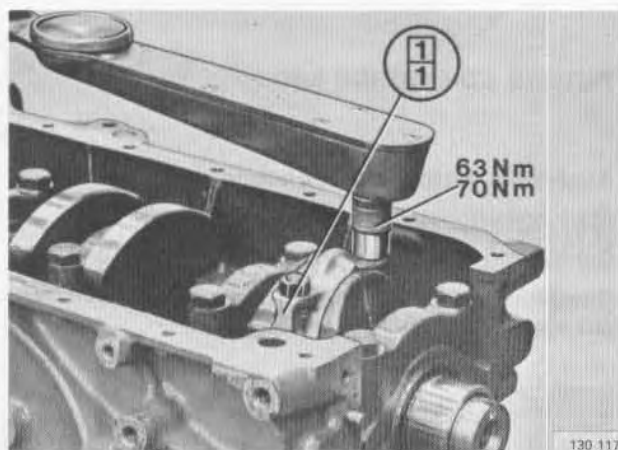
Place No. 1 liner in cylinder

Turn crankshaft so that No. 1 crank points directly down.

Insert piston using a ring compressor tool.

Mark on piston should face forwards.

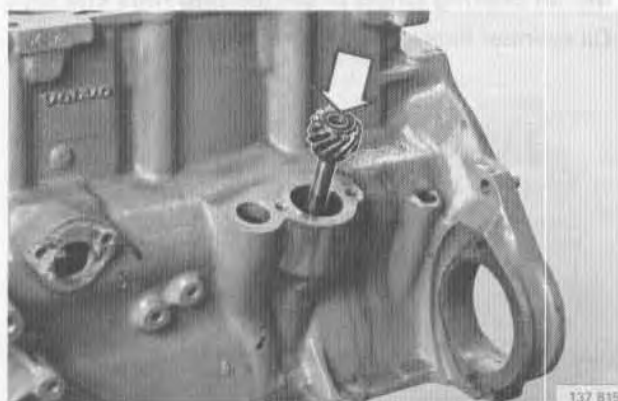
D7



130 117



130 118



137 815

1981-1984



-1980



137 563

D8

Install connecting rod cap

Check identification mark on connecting rod and cap.
Oil studs and use new nuts.

Torque to:

Old studs 63 Nm (46 ft.lbs)
New studs 70 Nm (51 ft.lbs)

D9

Install remaining pistons

Check after installing each cap that crankshaft can be turned.

D10

Install intermediate shaft.

Oil bearing and gear.

Place finger in oil pump opening and guide shaft into position.

D11

Install oil pump pinion

D12

-1980 models

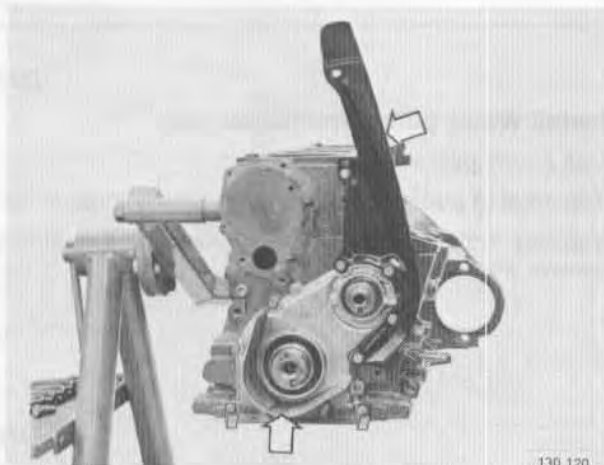
Install cover

Use a new O-ring.

1981-1984

Install drain tube and oil trap

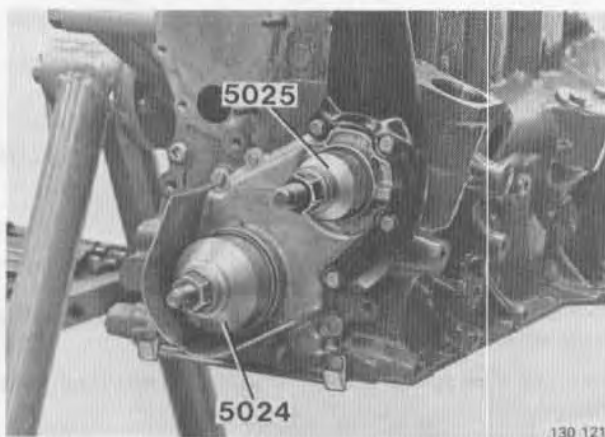
Press tube in as far as possible and align with opening.
Use a new oil trap O-ring.

**OIL SEALS, TIMING GEARS****D13****Install front sealing flange and rear belt cover**

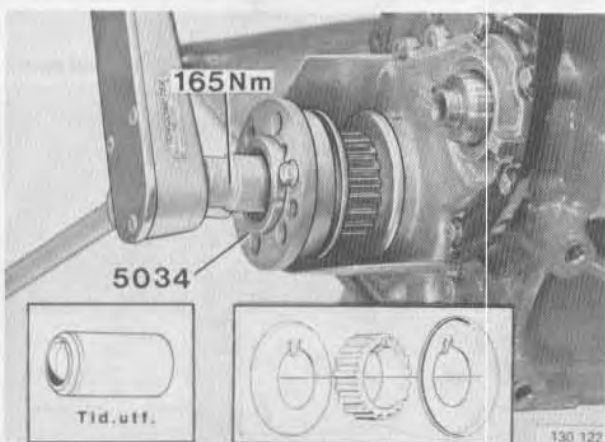
Sealing flange should be installed without seals.

Use a new gasket.

Trim edges of gasket.

Note: Do not forget two cable harness clips.**D14****Lubricate and install front oil seals**Use press tool **5025** for intermediate shaft seals and **5024** for crankshaft seals.

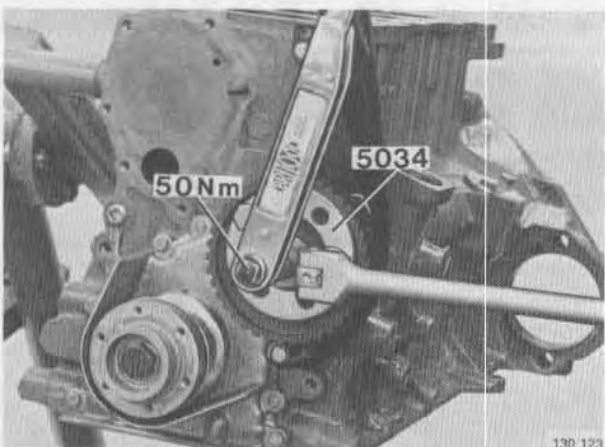
Check that seals are not damaged or twisted.

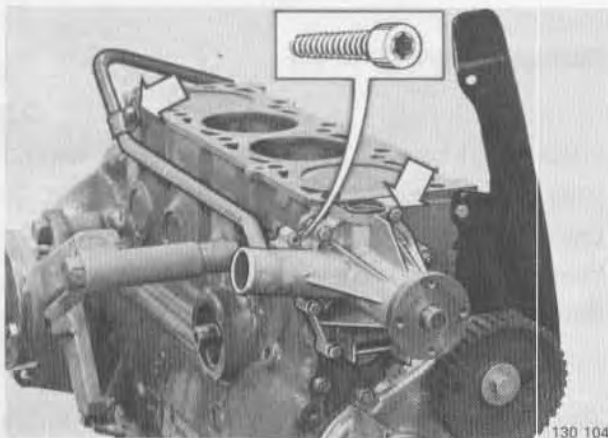
**D15****Install:**

- (early types) spacer sleeve on crankshaft. Bevelled edge of sleeve should face forwards.
- key (early types)
- guide plates (edge facing away from pulley)
- pulley. (Later types: install pulley with key bevel facing cylinder block)
- hub
- centre bolt

Torque center bolt to **165 Nm** (120 ft. lbs.) using **5034**.**D16****Install intermediate shaft pulley**

Mark on pulley should face outwards.

Torque to **50 Nm** (36 ft.lbs). Use counterhold **5034**.



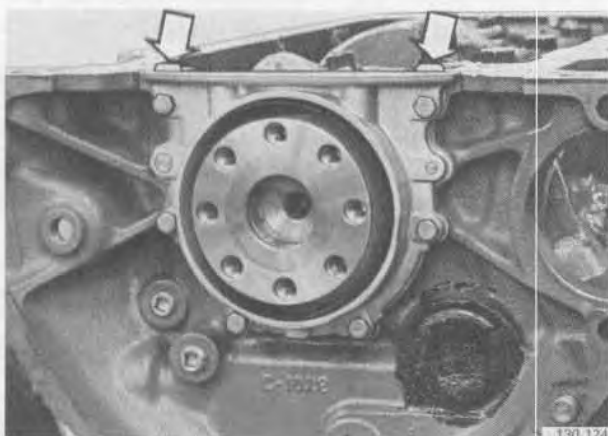
D17

Install water pump and heater pipe

Use a new gasket and new O-ring.

Top edge of pump should be flush with cylinder block.

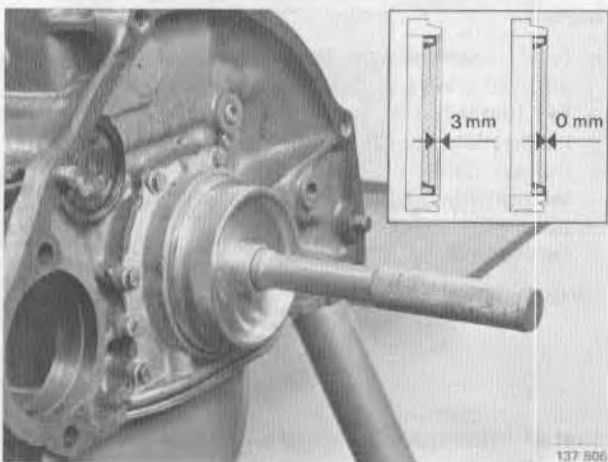
Vehicles with Pulsair system: replace tube retaining screws with inhex type.



D18

Install rear sealing flange

Use a new gasket. Trim edges of gasket.



D19

Insert oil seal in rear sealing flange

Assemble special tool 1801 and drift 5276.

Oil contact faces and place seal in drift.

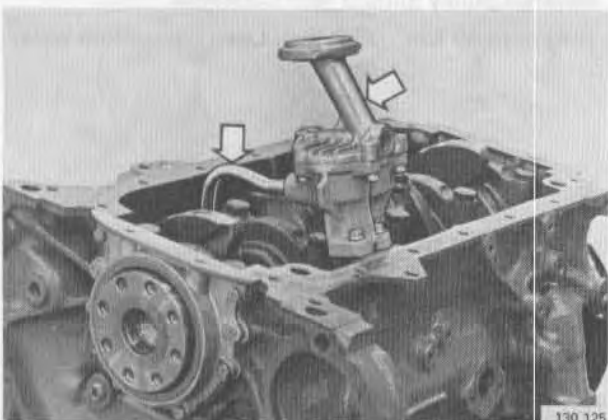
If end of crankshaft shows signs of wear press seal further in than before.

Remove **one** spacer from drift if old seal is flush with flange.

Remove **two** spacers from drift if old seal is 3 mm (0.12 in) from flange.

Leave both spacers in drift if crankshaft is in good condition.

Tap in seal until drift seats against crankshaft.



D20

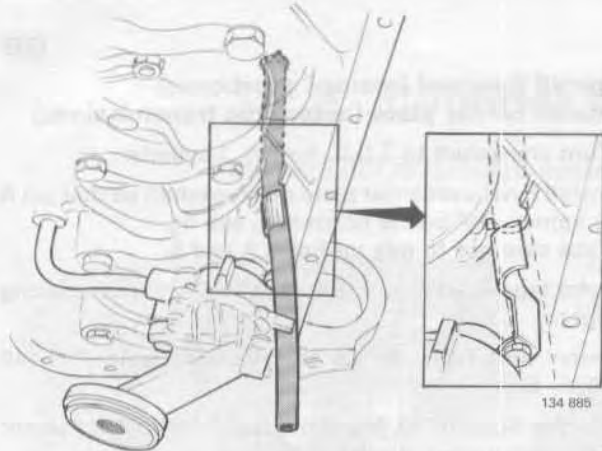
OIL PUMP, SUMP

Install oil pump and pipe

Check that pump shaft fits into drive gear.

Do not forget to install O-rings in pipe.

1981-84: Secure bracket for oil trap hose to oil pump retaining screws. See next page.



1981–1984

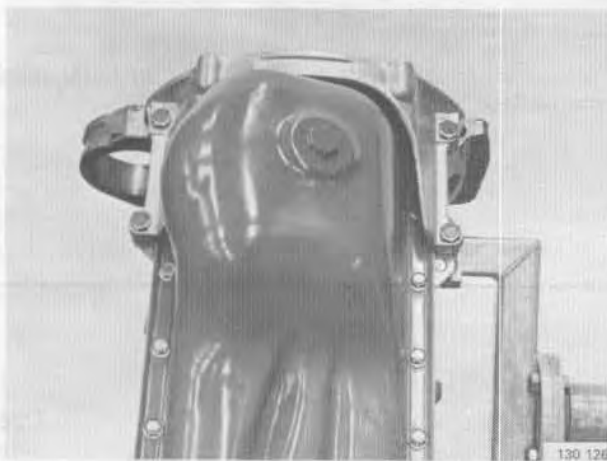
D21

Secure oil trap drain hose

Secure bracket for drain hose to oil pump retaining screw.

Make sure that hose is clamped behind lug on oil pump.

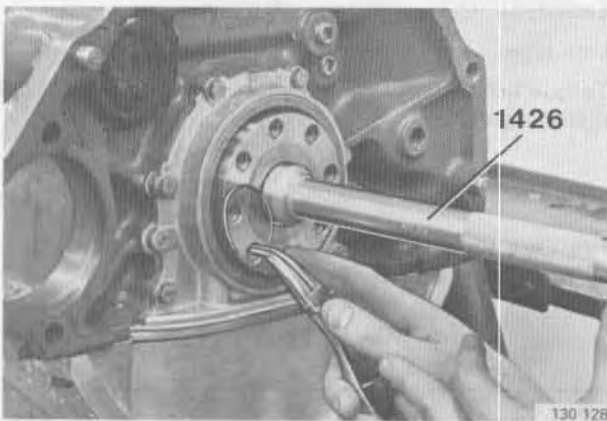
Important: Do not shorten hose. It is important that hose is of exact length.



D22

Install:

- oil sump gasket. Turn mark on gasket to face starter motor mount.
- oil sump
- support bracket. Do not tighten bolts at this stage.



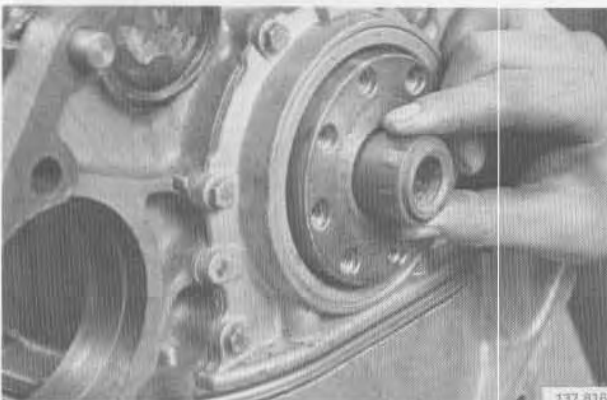
FLYWHEEL, CLUTCH, CARRIER PLATE

Manual gearboxes

D23

Install:

- pilot bearing in crankshaft using drift 1426
- lock ring.

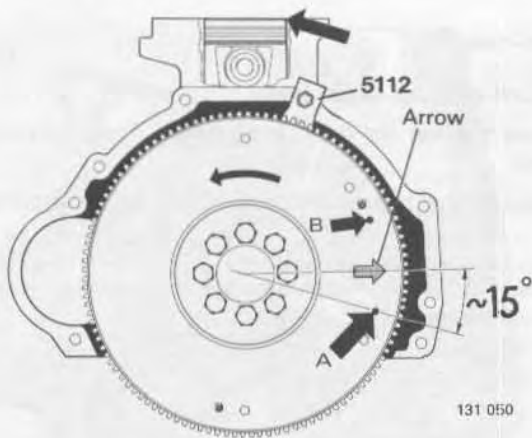


Automatic transmissions

D24

Install:

- guide sleeve with bevelled end facing outward.



D25

**Install flywheel (manual gearboxes)
Install carrier plate (automatic transmissions)**

Turn crankshaft to T.D.C. for No. 1 cylinder.

Install flywheel/carrier plate on crankshaft so that pin A is approx. 15° below horizontal, see fig.

Take care not to mix up holes A and B.

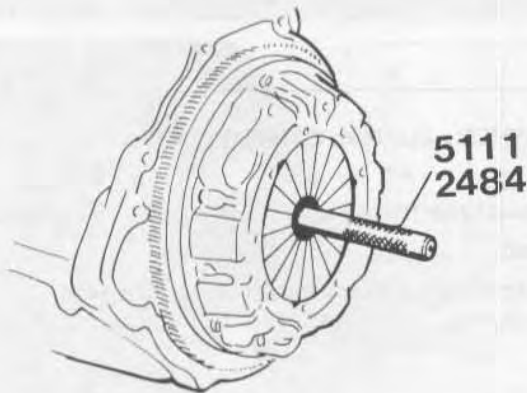
Later type flywheels: Install flywheel with arrow facing right.

Install **new** bolts. Smear threads with sealer P/N 116 1056-5.

Torque bolts to **70 Nm** (50 ft.lbs). Use locking sector **5112** to counterhold flywheel.

Automatic gearboxes:

Note position of support plates. Edge of outer plate should face outwards.



D26

Manual gearboxes

Install driven plate and pressure plate

Early type: Use centering drift 2484.

Late types (evolute teeth): Use centering drift 5111.

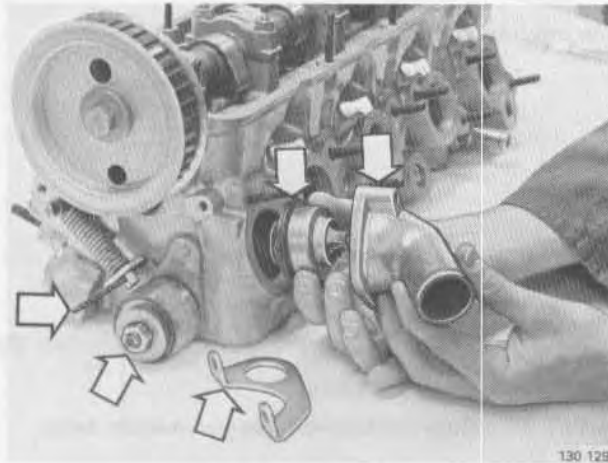
Torque bolts crosswise a few turns at a time to avoid distorting clutch.

D27

Remove locking sector 5112

E. Cylinder head, disassembly

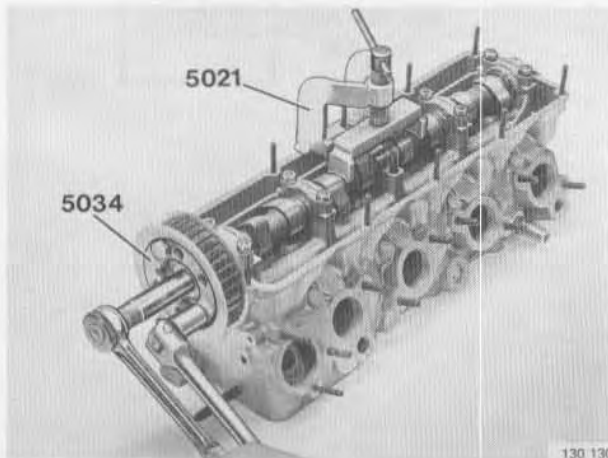
Take care not to damage gasket face when dismantling cylinder head.



E1

Remove

- belt tensioner. Unhook spring with a 3 mm (0.1 in) drill
- lifting eye, thermostat housing and thermostat.



E2

Remove camshaft pulley

Counterhold pulley with 5034.

E3

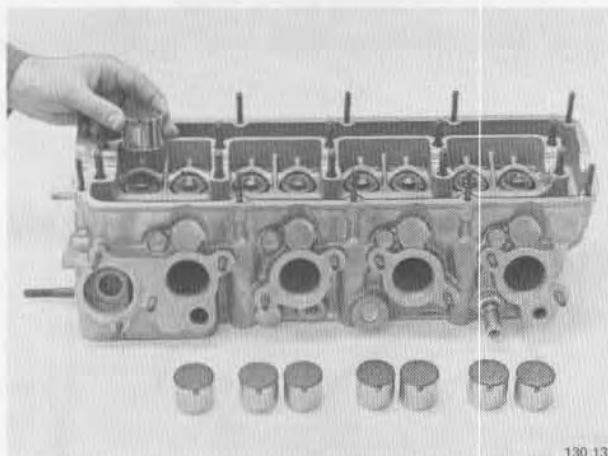
Remove camshaft

Remove center cap.

Position press tool 5021 and press camshaft into its bearings.

Remove remaining bearing caps.

Remove press tool, camshaft and oil seals.

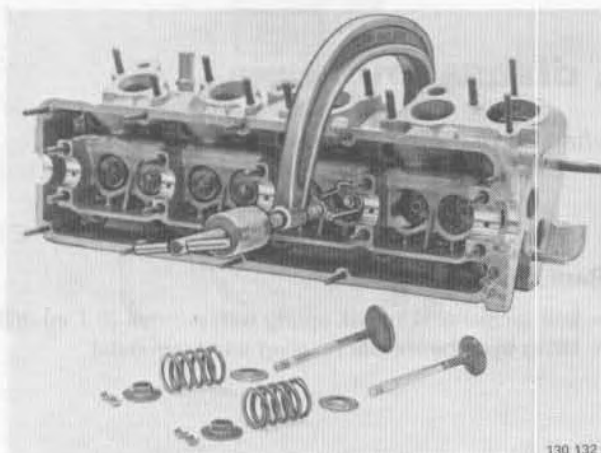


E4

Remove:

- tappets and shims
- rubber seals from valves.

Note: Do not interchange tappets.

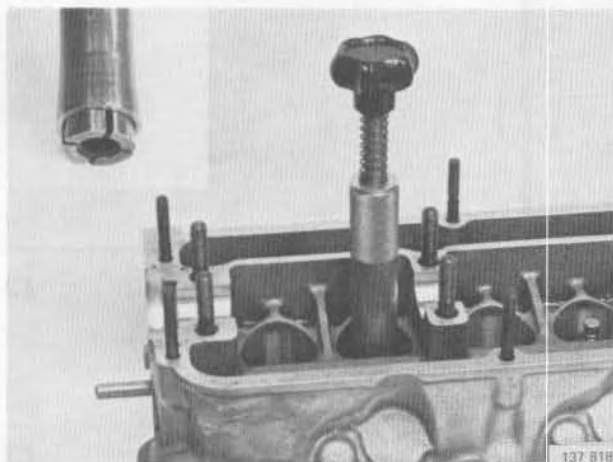


E5

Remove:

- valve cotters
- upper spring seats
- valve springs
- lower spring seats
- valves.

Do not interchange parts.

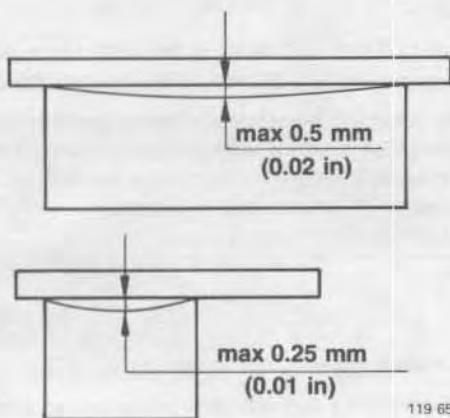


E6

Remove valve stem seals

Use special tool **5219** to remove valve stem seals.

Cylinder head, cleaning, inspection



Clean cylinder head and gasket face

E7

Check cylinder head for distortion

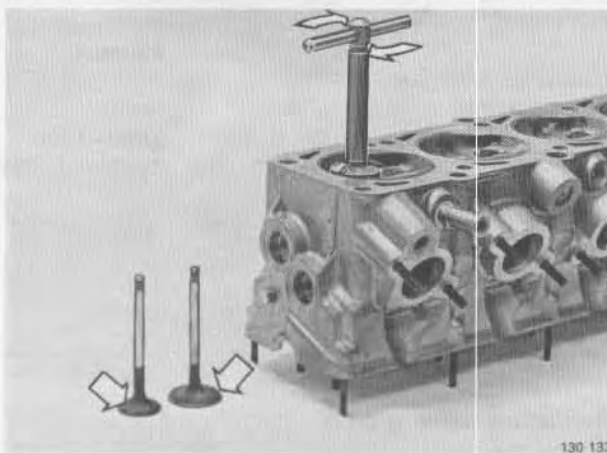
Use a steel ruler and feeler gauge.

Distortion must not exceed 0.5 mm (0.02 in) longitudinally and 0.25 mm (0.01 in) across cylinder head.

E8

Important: If distortion is greater than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) longitudinally or 0.5 mm (0.02 in) crosswise cylinder head must be replaced.

Cylinder head height, new 146.1 mm (5.7563 in)
min (after machining) 145.6 mm (5.7366 in)



Clean/inspect valves and valve seats

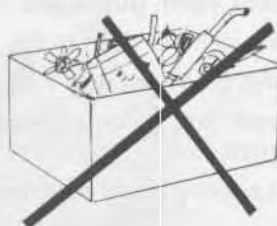
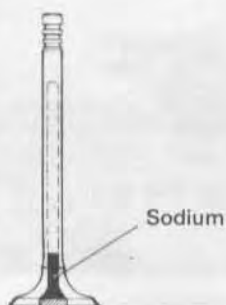
Clean valve seats with a cutter.

Remove carbon from combustion chambers and valves.

If valve seats are fractured or show signs of excessive wear they must be replaced.

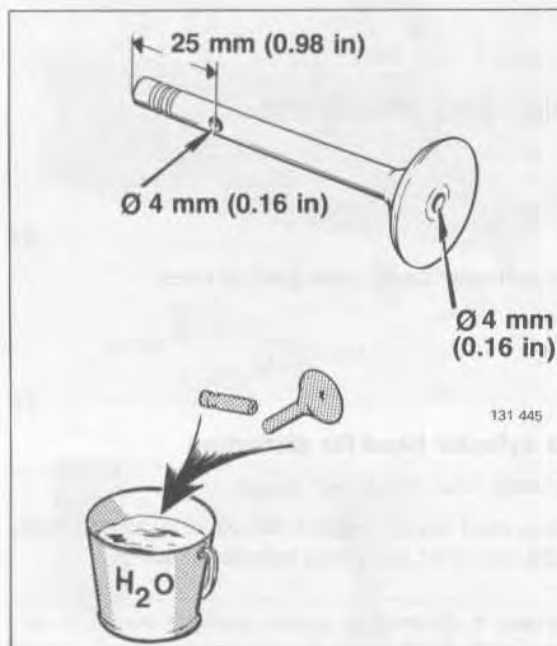
Clean and check spark plug threads for damage.

E9



Turbocharged engines have sodium-filled exhaust valves. Scrapped valves must not be mixed with ordinary scrap iron before first removing the sodium.

See instructions on next page.

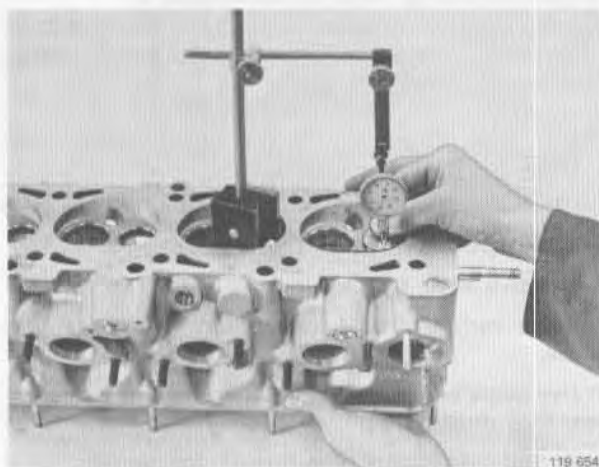


E10

Scrapping sodium-filled exhaust valves

Caution: Sodium in contact with water is explosive. Consequently when drilling, cutting or performing any form of work which involves separating sodium, ensure the sodium does not come in contact with water.

1. Drill a hole (4.0 mm or 0.16 in) in the valve crown as illustrated.
2. Drill a hole (4.0 mm or 0.16 in) in the valve stem, or cut the stem approximately 25 mm (0.98 in) from the end.
3. Throw the valve into a bucket of water. A powerful reaction of an explosive nature will occur and you are advised to stand at least 3 meters (10 feet) from the bucket. The reaction lasts 1–2 minutes and afterwards the valve can be mixed with ordinary scrap metal.



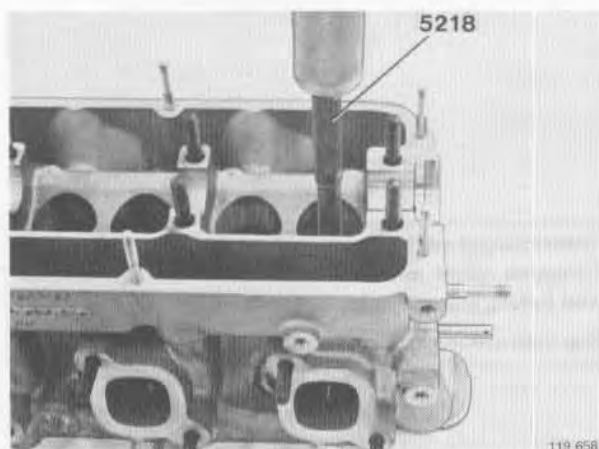
E11

Check valve guides for wear

Check wear with a dial indicator mounted on a magnetic stand.

Use new valves and press valves up 1–2 mm (0.04–0.08 in) with finger.

	Inlet	Exhaust
Clearance, with new valve and new guide		
mm	0.030–0.060	0.060–0.090
(in)	(0.0012–0.0024)	(0.0024–0.0035)
Max. clearance measured with new valve and old guide		
mm	0.15	0.15
(in)	(0.0059)	(0.0059)



Replacing valve guides

Operations E12–16

E12

Press valve guide out

Heat cylinder head to $100 \pm 10^\circ\text{C}$ ($212 \pm 18^\circ\text{F}$).

Drive guide out with drift 5218.

Check that guide has not damaged bore during removal.

If so, valve guide bore must be reamed to oversize.

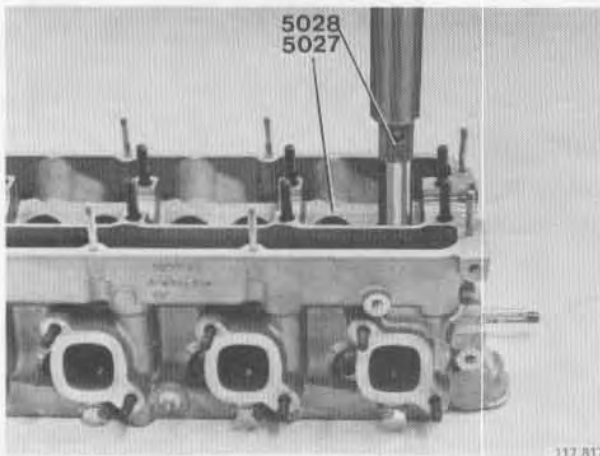


E13

Identification of valve guides

Valve guides are marked with grooves to indicate over-size. Use new guide of same number of grooves as previous guide.

No. of grooves	Size
0	Standard
1	Oversize 1
2	Oversize 2
3	Oversize 3



E14

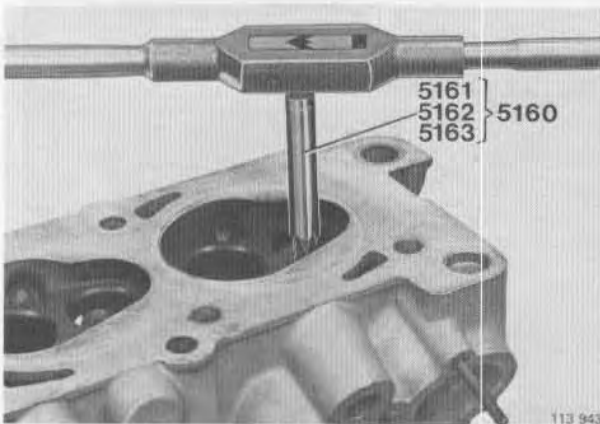
Press in new valve guide

Cylinder head should be at room temperature

Use drift **5027** for inlet valves and **5028** for exhaust valves.

Press guide until drift contacts cylinder head to give valve correct protrusion.

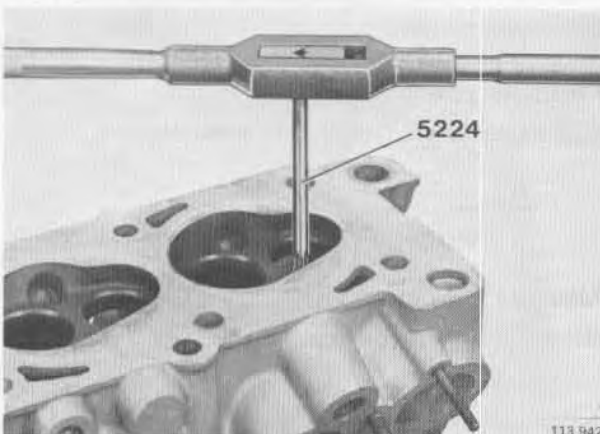
Important: Force used for pressing valve guide into position must be at least 9000 N (900 kp). If this force is not reached the guide must be removed again and valve seat reamed to next oversize and appropriate guide installed.



E15

Reamer part number

Oversize	Reamer
1	5161
2	5162
3	5163

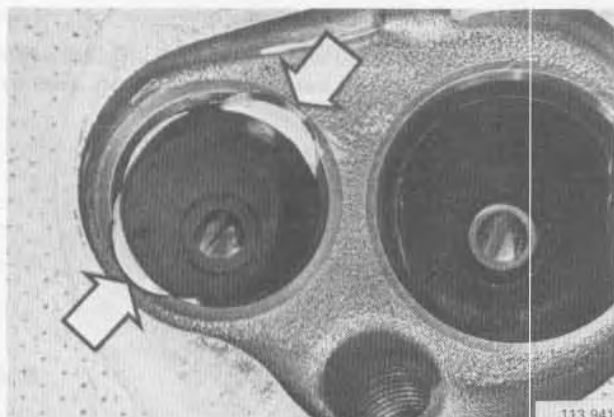


E16

Clean valve guide

Use reamer 5224 or 5164.

Valve and seat must be ground in after replacing valve guide.



Valve seat, replacement Operations E17–28

Important: Valve guides should always be replaced before replacing valve seats. See E12–16.

E17

Cut two notches in ring of old valve seat

This makes it easier to remove seat. Grind an additional notch for chisel, taking care not to damage cylinder head.

E18

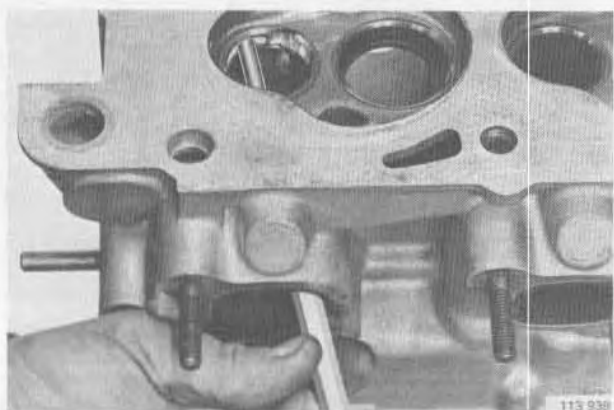


Split valve seat

Split seat with a chisel.

Be careful not to damage cylinder head.

E19



Tap out valve seat

Use a long drift as illustrated.

E20

Check valve seat recess

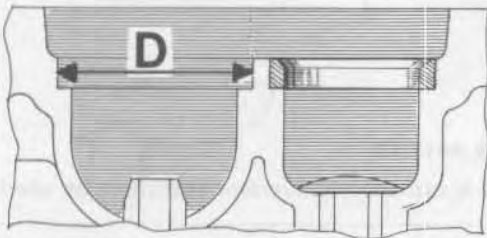
If damaged, ream recess to nearest oversize.

E21

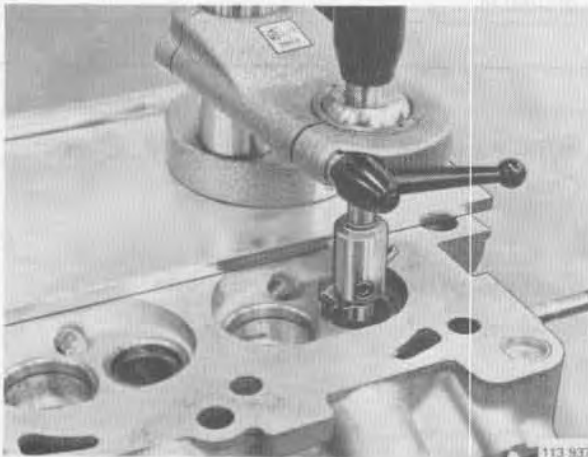
Measure diameter

Use an inside micrometer.

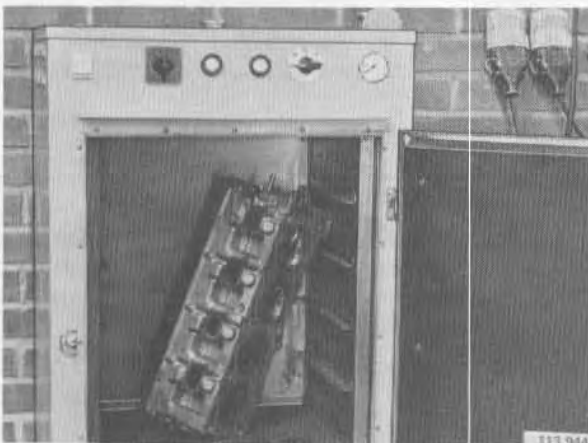
$D + 0.17\text{mm}$ (0.0067 in)



113 945



113 937



113 944



5029
5220

130 135

E22

Measuring new valve seat

Size of new valve seat is not marked but must be measured. Two oversizes are available.

Valve seat insert should be **0.17 mm** (0.0067 in) larger than recess in cylinder head.

E23

If less than 0.17 mm (0.0067 in):

Recut valve seat to oversize. Use a valve cutter e.g. Mira P/N 998 6045-5 and follow manufacturers instructions.

Valve seat diameter	Inlet	Exhaust
Standard	mm 46.00	38.00
	(in) (1.8124)	(1.4972)
Oversize 1	mm 46.25	38.25
	(in) (1.8223)	(1.5071)
Oversize 2	mm 46.50	38.50
	(in) (1.8321)	(1.5169)

E24

Heat cylinder head

Heat to 100 °C (212°F).

E25

Fit new seat insert on drift

Drift 5029 = inlet valves

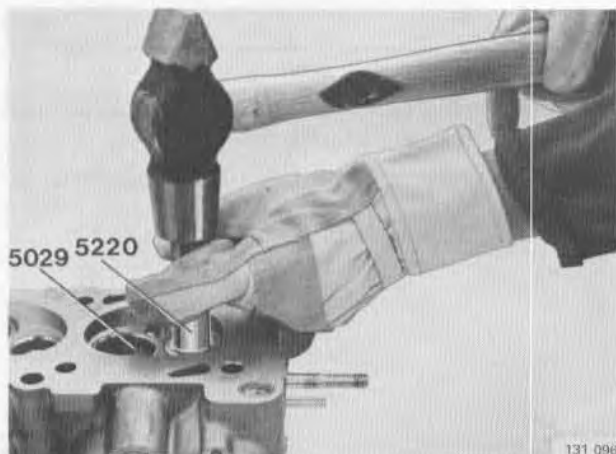
Drift 5220 = exhaust valves.

E26

Cool seat insert to -70°C (-94°F)

Use carbon dioxide.

Wear protective gloves for safety.



E27

Tap valve seat insert into cylinder head

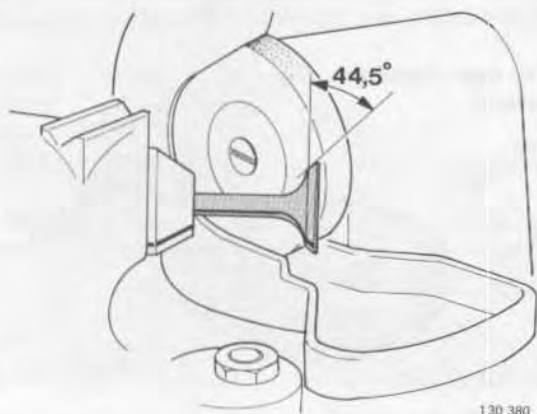
This operation must be carried out very quickly, within 3–4 seconds to avoid temperature loss.

E28

Check seat fit

If seat is not secure, oversize seat must be used.

After replacing valve seat, seat must be ground and valves ground-in.



Grinding-in valves and valve seats

Operations E29–31

E29

Machine valves to specified angle

Same angle for inlet and exhaust valves.

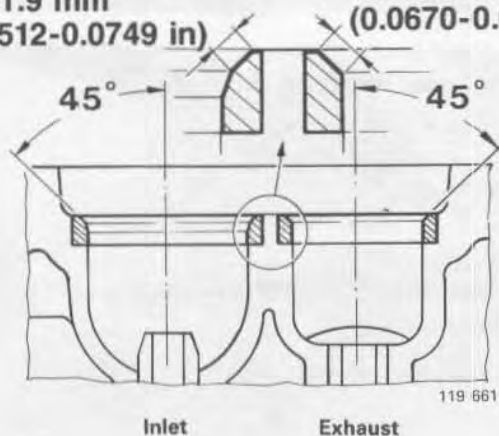


Important:

Exhaust valves in turbo engines are stellite coated and must not be machined. They can only be ground-in with lapping paste against valve seat. If stellite coating is removed valves will lose heat resistance.

1.3–1.9 mm
(0.0512–0.0749 in)

1.7–2.3 mm
(0.0670–0.0906 in)



E30

Mill or grind valve seats

Same angle for inlet and exhaust valves.

Valve diameter

Inlet	1.3–1.9 mm (0.0512–0.0749)
Exhaust	1.7–2.3 mm (0.0670–0.0906)

E31

Check valve fit

Grind-in valves if necessary with lapping paste.

E32

Check tappets for damage, scoring etc

E33

Test valve springs in a spring tester

Two different types are in use.

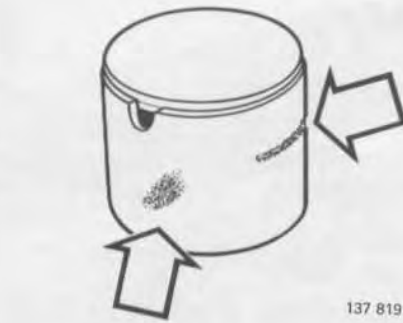
Type 2 springs are used on

- B 21 F LH-Jetronic, late types (introduced from 1983 models)
- B 23 F
- B 19 ET, B 21 ET and B 21 FT late types (introduced from 1984 models)

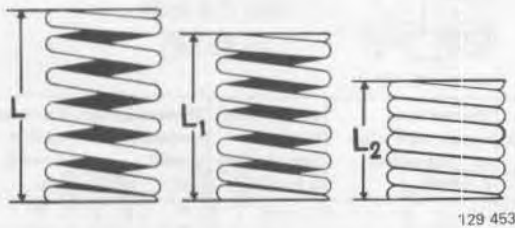
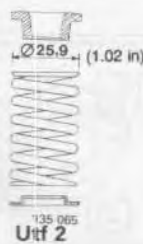
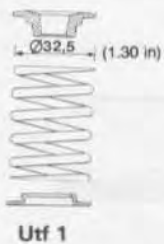
Type 2 springs can also be used on B 21 F LH-Jetronic early types and B 19 ET, B 21 ET and B 21 FT early types.

Type 1 springs are used on all other engine types.

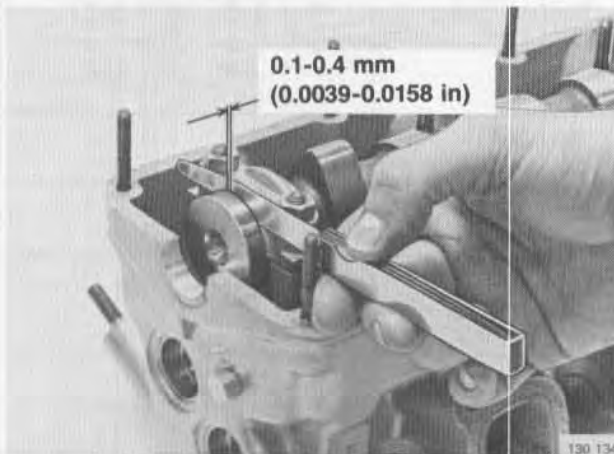
Important: Do not interchange adjusting shims and springs in same engine types.



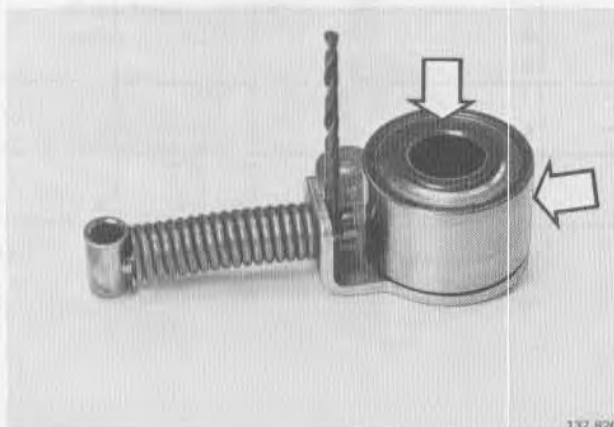
137 819



129 453



130 134



137 820

Check camshaft end float

Place camshaft in cylinder head.

Fit rear bearing cap.

Slide camshaft to and fro and measure end float.

End float = 0.1–0.4 mm (0.0039–0.0158 in)

If end float is too large, replace rear bearing cap.

E34

Check belt tensioner

Check roller for excessive wear.

Running face of roller must not be damaged. If surface is grooved both roller and belt must be replaced.

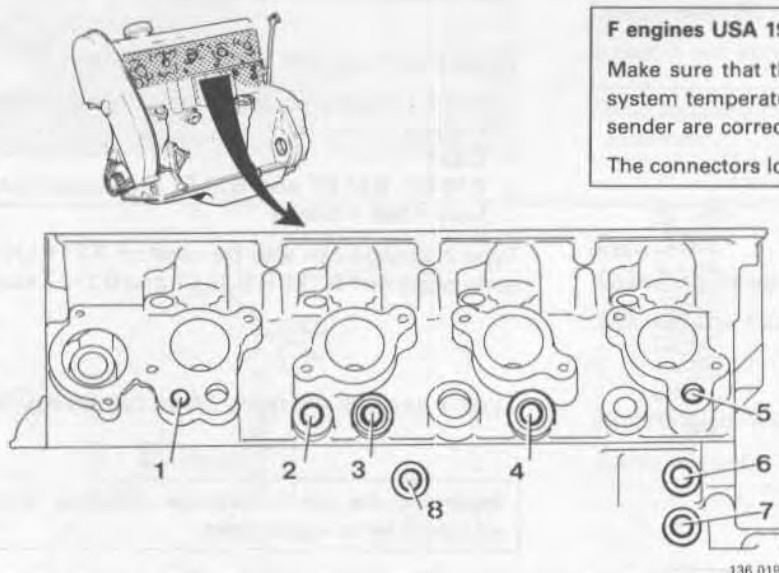
E35

Cylinder head, assembly

Location of senders/contacts on cylinder head and block

E36

All senders/contacts are located on the left-hand side of the cylinder head and block.



F engines USA 1981–1984

Make sure that the connectors for the start injector, CIS system temperature sender and LH-Jetronic temperature sender are correctly connected.

The connectors look alike and can easily be interchanged.

136 019

Engine type	Temperature sender CIS (blue & red)	Thermostat valve EGR (black hoses)	Thermostat valve acceleration enrichment (black hoses)	Temperature sender gauge (yellow)	Thermal time-switch, start injector (blue-yellow & white)	Temperature sender LH-Jetronic (blue & black)	Thermal contact, Lambda-sond (green)	Knock sensor ignition (brown)
B 17, 19, 21, 23 A 1975–1984	—	2 ³⁾	—	3	—	—	—	—
B 19 K 1984	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—
B 19, 21, 23 E 1975–1984	—	2 ³⁾	—	3	5	—	—	—
B 19, 21 E-Turbo 1981–1984	—	2 ⁵⁾	—	3	4	—	—	—
B 21 F-5 ¹⁾ 1976–1984 1981 USA	— 1 ⁴⁾	2 ³⁾ —	— 2	3 3	5 5	— —	— —	— —
B 21 F-9 ²⁾ 1981 1982	1 1	— —	2 2	3 3	5 5	— —	— 7	— —
B 21 F-Turbo 1981 1982–1984	6 6	— —	2 2	3 3	4 4	— —	— 7	— —
B 21 FLH-Jetronic 1982	1	—	—	3	5	4	—	—
B 23 FLH-Jetronic 1983–1984	—	—	—	3	—	4	—	8

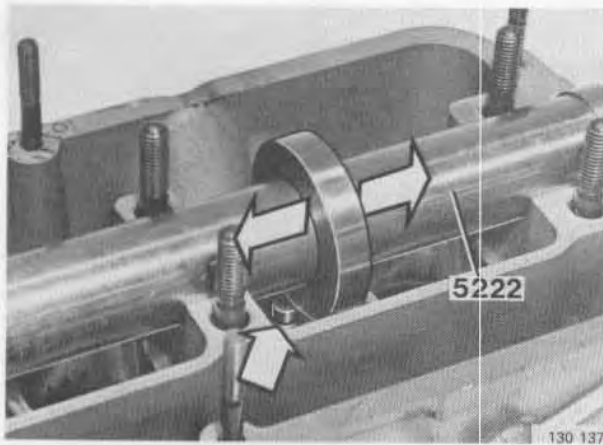
¹⁾ B 21 F-5 = CI system and Bosch ignition system

²⁾ B 21 F-9 = CI system and Chrysler ignition system

³⁾ Only certain year models and markets

⁴⁾ Only California

⁵⁾ Only B 21 ET Scandinavia and Switzerland 1984–



E37 Check valve stem position in relation to camshaft

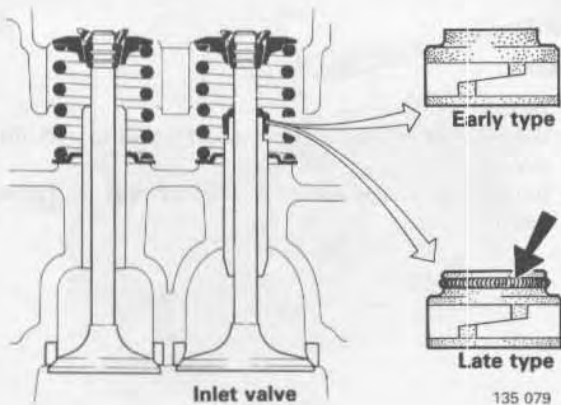
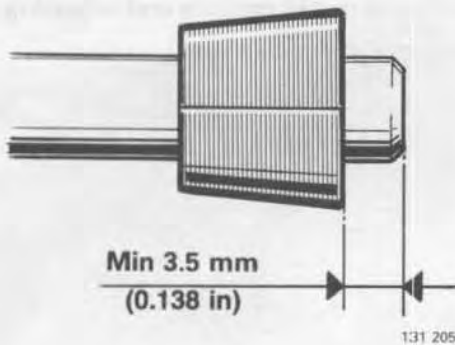
This measurement should be carried out to ensure that there is sufficient space for valve adjustment.

Place valves in cylinder head.
Remove measuring rings for D 20/D 24 (largest ring) from gauge 5222 and place gauge in cylinder head.
Slide measuring ring for B 17–B 23 over valve and press valve against seat with a finger.

Ring must not touch valve. If valve touches ring the stem must be ground down.

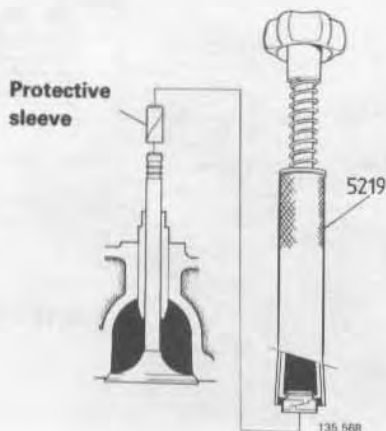
Max grinding = **0.5 mm** (0.02 in)

Min **3.5 mm** (0.138 in) between valve cotter and end of valve stem.



E38 Fit new valve stem seals

Seals are only required on inlet valves.
Use only late type seals.



Always use the protective sleeve supplied with new parts.

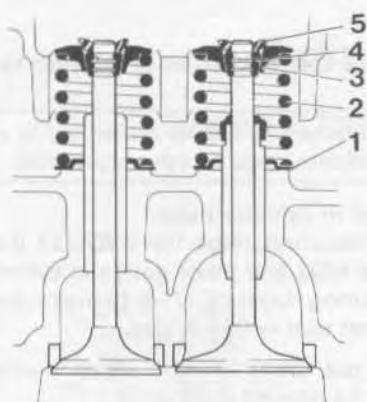
To install seal:

Oil and place valve in position.

Place protective sleeve on valve stem.

Fit seal using tool 5219. The tool should abut seal flange.

Remove protective sleeve.



130 093

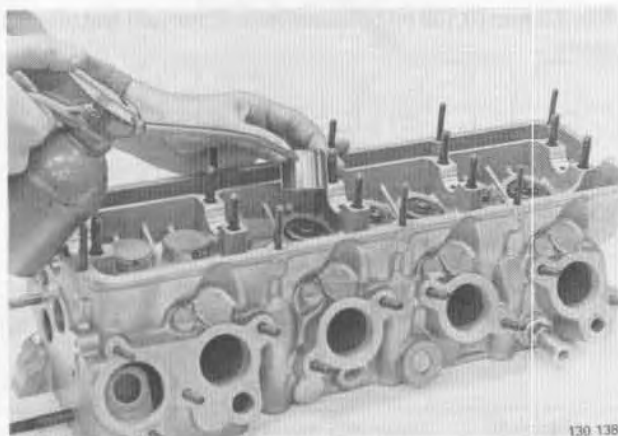
E39

Install:

- lower spring seat (1)
- spring (2)
- upper spring seat (3)
- valve cotter (4)
- rubber seal (5)

Important:

Two different types of springs and seats are in use, see E 33.

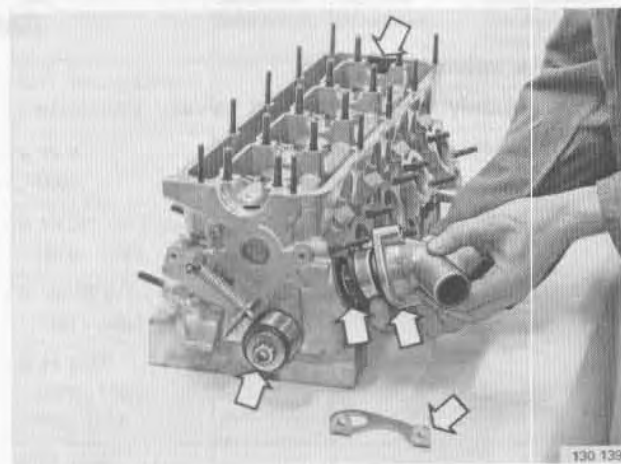


130 138

E40

Lubricate and install tappets and adjusting shims

Place in same position as found.

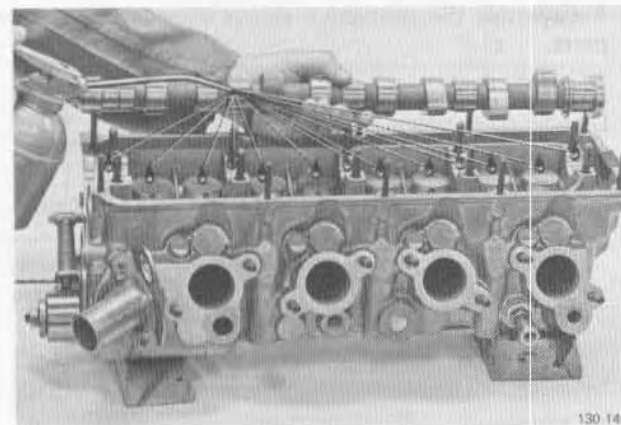


130 139

E41

Install:

- belt tensioner
- thermostat + O-ring, thermostat housing and lifting eyelet
- half-moon shaped rubber seal at rear of cylinder head



130 140

E42

Lubricate:

- bearing shells
- cams
- tappets and adjusting shims

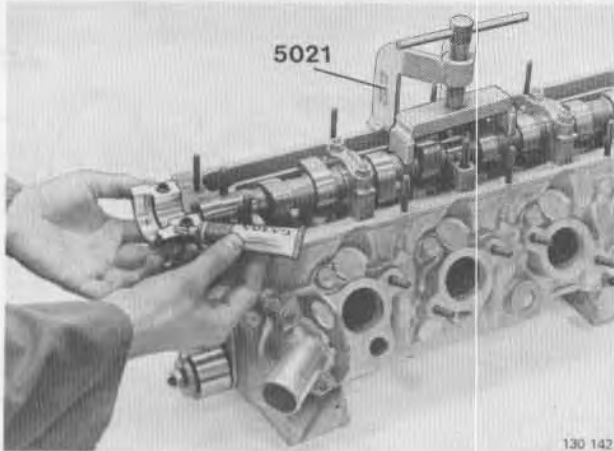
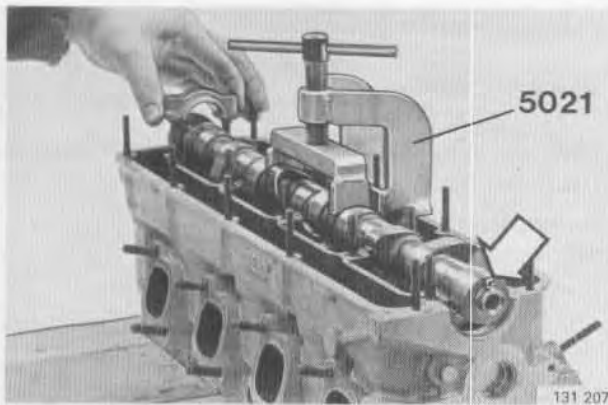
E43

Install camshaft and caps

Place camshaft and rear bearing cap on cylinder head. Guide pin (arrowed) for pulley should face up.

Press camshaft into cylinder head with press tool 5021. (Use rear bearing cap as guide).

Do not tighten nuts on rear bearing cap fully at this stage.



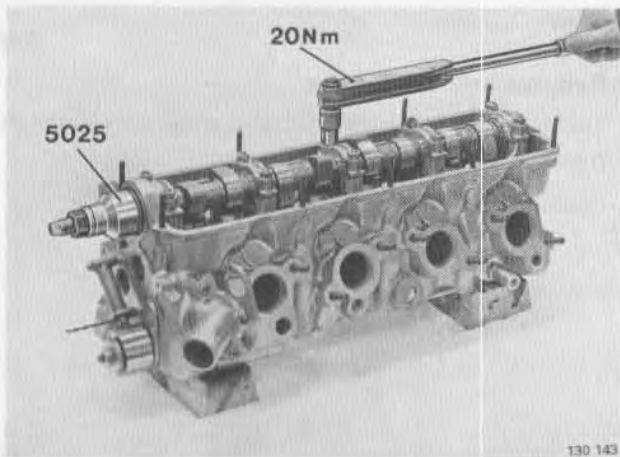
Smear front bearing cap sealing face with sealer P/N 1161 027-6.

Lubricate and fit remaining bearing caps. Do not tighten nuts fully at this stage.

Remove press tool 5021.

Lubricate and fit center bearing cap.

Torque bearing cap nuts to **20 Nm** (14 ft.lbs).

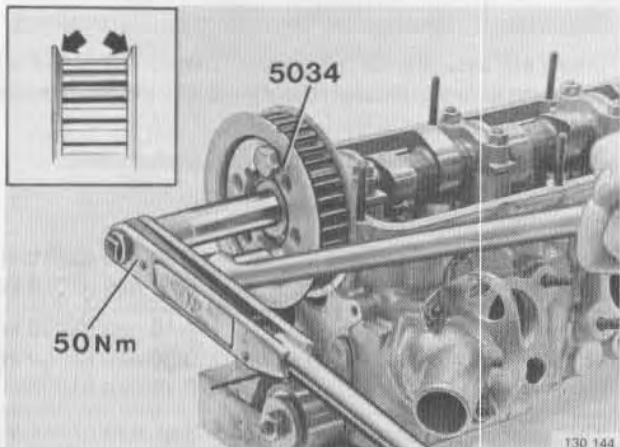


E44

Install front oil seal

Use sleeve 5025.

Grease oil seal and shaft. Check that edges of seal are not damaged.

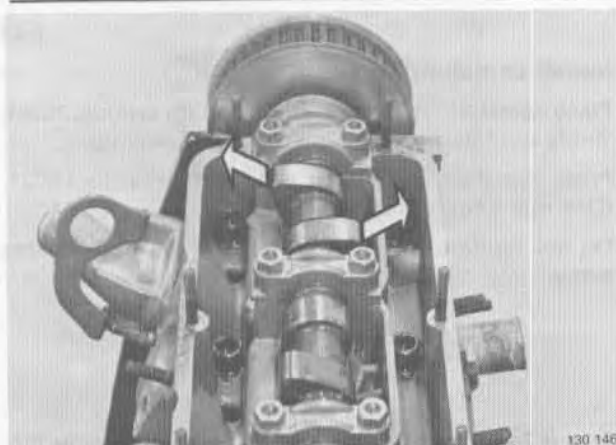


E45

Install guide plates and pulley

Turn plates so that edges point away from pulley.

Torque to **50 Nm** (36 ft.lbs). Use counterhold 5034.



Valve adjustment

Operations E46–54

E46

Turn camshaft to position corresponding to T.D.C. for No. 1 cylinder

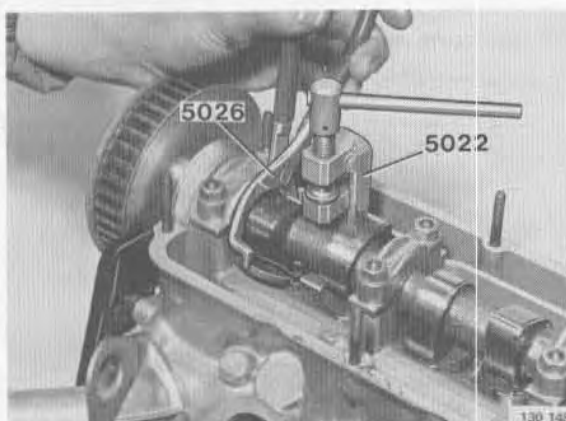
Turn pulley until cams above No. 1 cylinder point diagonally upwards.



E47

Measure valve clearance

0.35–0.40 mm (0.0138–0.0158 in).



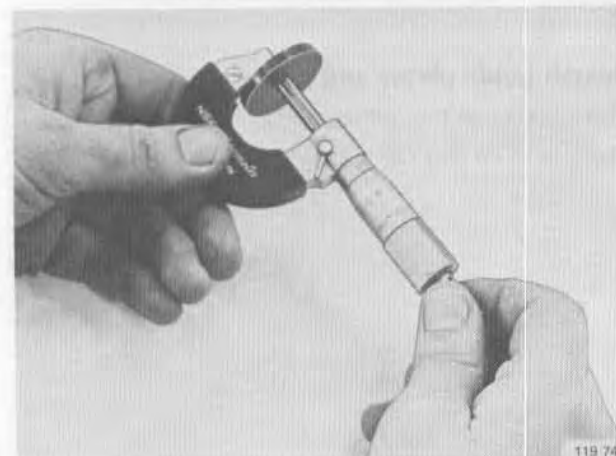
E48

Remove adjusting shim

Turn tappets so that grooves point away from camshaft.

Depress tappets with press tool 5022.

Remove adjusting shim with pliers 5026.



E49

Calculate thickness of adjusting shim required

Shims are available from 3.30–4.50 mm (0.130–0.177 in) thickness at increments of 0.05 mm (0.002 in). Always use new shims.

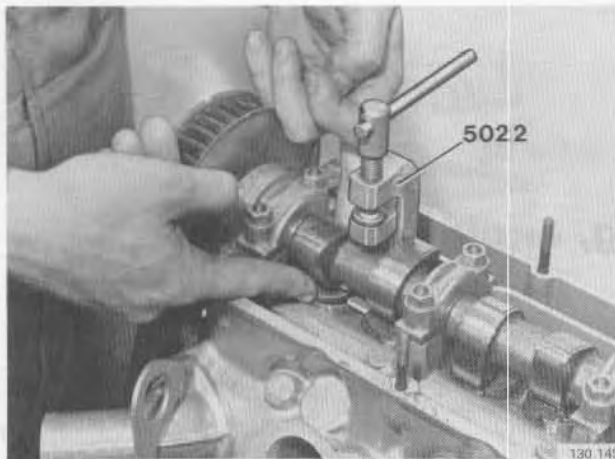
Measure thickness of fitted shim with a micrometer.

Example:

Correct valve clearance	0.40 mm (0.016 in)
Measured clearance	0.25 mm (0.010 in)

Difference	0.15 mm (0.010 in)
Thickness of fitted adjusting shim	3.80 mm (0.150 in)
Difference	0.15 mm (0.006 in)

Thickness of adjusting shim required	3.65 mm (0.144 in)
--------------------------------------	--------------------



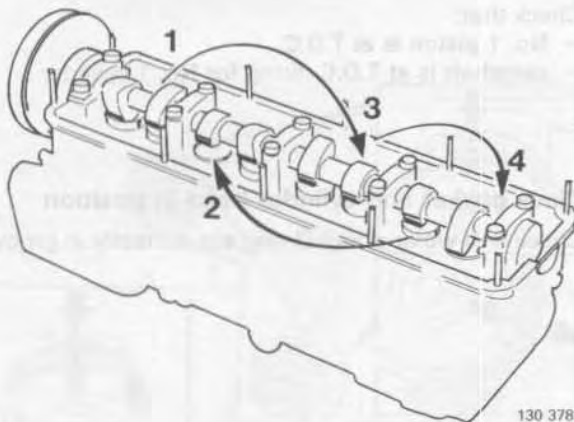
Lubricate and install new adjusting shim

Shim must be fitted with mark facing downwards.

E50

Remove special tool 5022

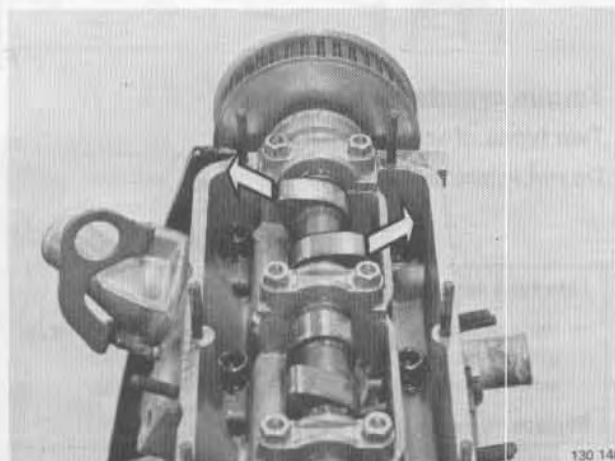
E51



Check valve clearance for remaining cylinders

Check valve clearance in following sequence:
Cyl 3, Cyl 4 and Cyl 2.

E52



Turn camshaft a few turns and recheck clearance of all valves

E53

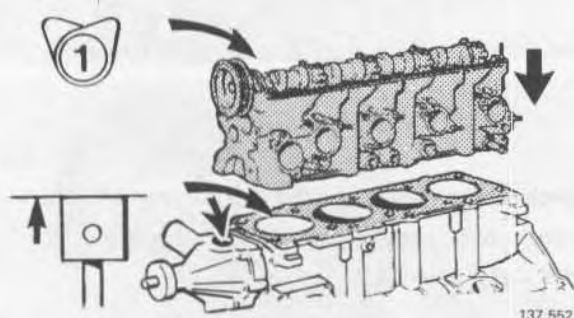
Set camshaft to T.D.C. firing for No. 1 cyl.

Both cams above No. 1 cylinder should point diagonally upwards.

E54



Assembling, engine



Check position of crankshaft and camshaft

Check that:

- No. 1 piston is at T.D.C.
- camshaft is at T.D.C. firing for No. 1 cylinder

Place gasket and cylinder head in position

Check that water pump O-ring sits correctly in groove.

Early type



Late type



Torque cylinder head screws

Two types of screws are in use.

Do not interchange different types.

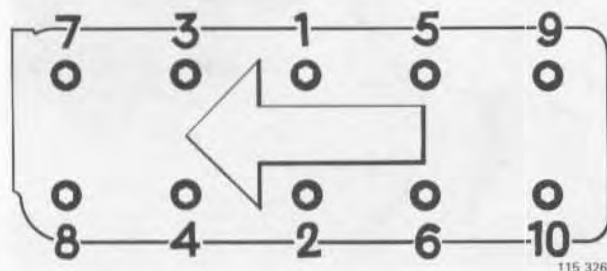
Late type screws:

- replace screws if they show signs of distortion. This can usually be seen at centre of screw.
- screws must not be reused more than 5 times.

Replace screws if in doubt.

Oil screws.

Place screws in cylinder head and tighten each screw in sequence according to following stages.



Early type

1 = 60 Nm (43 ft.lbs)

2 = 110 Nm (80 ft.lbs)

Note: Retorque early type screws, see F8 page 56

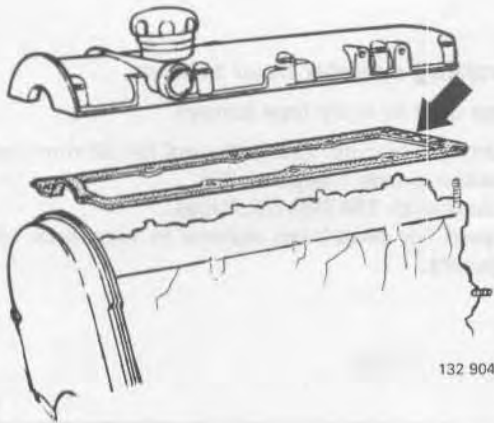
Late type

1 = 20 Nm (14 ft.lbs)

2 = 60 Nm (43 ft.lbs)

3 = Angle-tighten 90°

F4

**Install gasket and rocker cover**

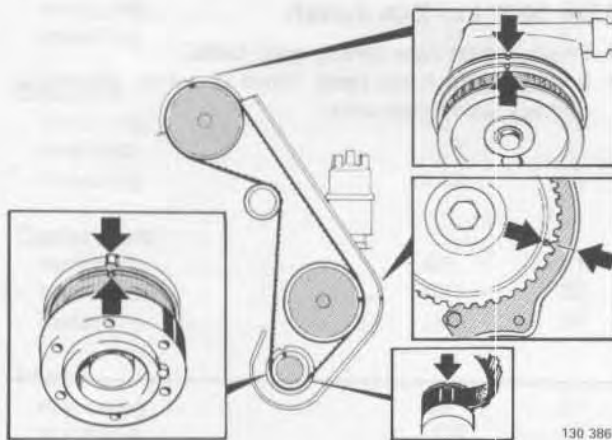
Check that half moon-shaped seal at rear of cylinder head is in position.

Use a new gasket.

Turbo engines require a harder type of gasket. Part number and colour of gasket are shown below.

	Colour	P/N
Turbo	Light biege	1326640-8
Other models	Blue	463999-3

F5

**Install timing gear belt**

Important: Do not turn crankshaft or camshaft as pistons can strike valves and cause damage.

- Check that camshaft, intermediate shaft and crankshaft are aligned as shown adjacent.
- Place belt around crankshaft and intermediate shaft pulleys so that two lines on belt align with timing mark on crankshaft.
- Stretch belt and place over camshaft and belt tensioner.
- Check position of belt. Recheck position of pulleys.

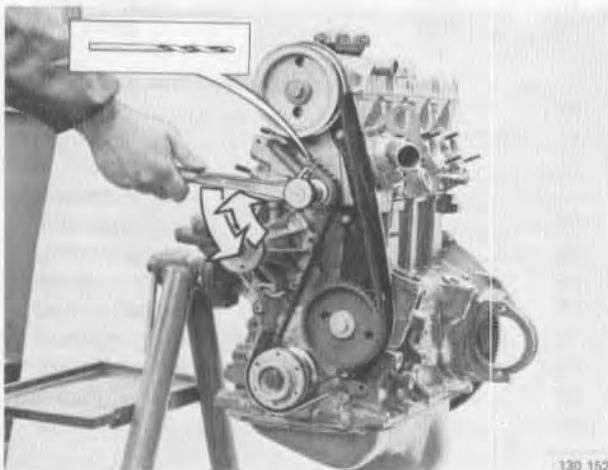
F6

Tighten timing gear belts

Slacken belt tensioner nut. Spring will now tension belt.

Remove drill from belt tensioner (See E1).

Retighten nut.

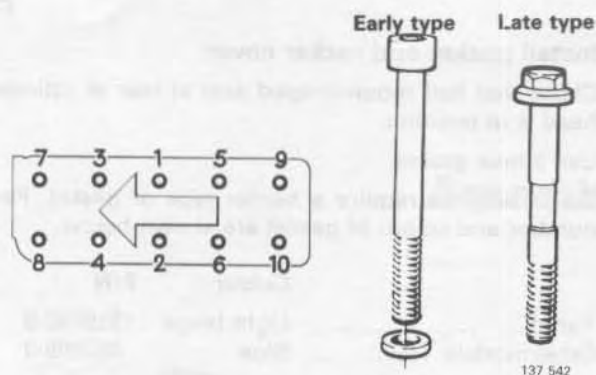


F7

Install:

- timing gear case
- crankshaft pulley

F8

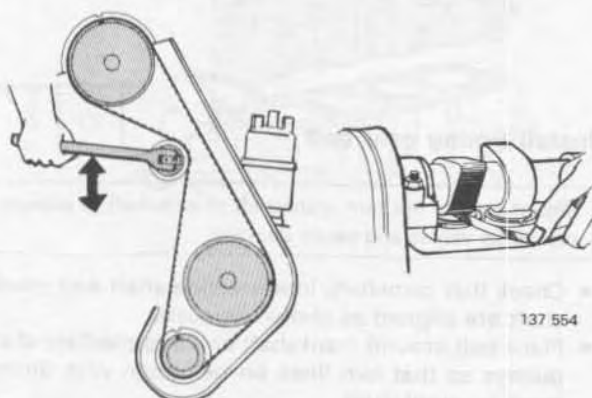


R retorquing cylinder head screws

Applies only to early type screws

1. Warm-up engine. Leave to cool for 30 minutes.
2. Slacken screw 1 approx. 30°. Retorque to **110 Nm** (80 ft.lbs).
3. Repeat for remaining screws in sequence shown adjacent.

F9



After 1000 km (600 miles):

- Check/adjust new timing gear belts.
- If new parts have been fitted to valve assembly, recheck valve clearance.

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